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## INTRODUCTION



## **Background and Objectives**



This report presents the findings of the City of Vancouver's 2021 Civic Service Satisfaction Survey. The Civic Service Satisfaction Survey determines resident and business satisfaction with municipal services and provides insight into service priorities.

This is the third Civic Service Satisfaction Survey that Ipsos has conducted for the City of Vancouver. Previous surveys were conducted in 2018 and 2019. No survey was conducted in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Key research topics include:

- Important local issues
- Quality of life
- City services (satisfaction, level of investment)
- Financial planning

In addition, the 2021 survey also measures the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on residents and businesses.



## Methodology



Ipsos conducted a random and representative telephone survey with City of Vancouver residents and businesses.

Households with members who work for the City of Vancouver, belong to a City advisory committee, or are elected officials of the City were excluded from the survey via an upfront screening question.

Interviewing was conducted between April 19 and May 11, 2021.

Additional methodological details specific to residents and businesses can be found on the following page.



## Methodology (cont.)



#### **RESIDENTS**

A total of 600 interviews were conducted with adult (18+) Vancouver residents, broken out as follows: Downtown/West End (n99), Northwest (n97), Northeast (n100), Southwest (n102), and Southeast (n202).

 16th Avenue is the North-South boundary and Main Street is the West-East boundary.

Interviewing was conducted on both landlines and cellphones, with the final sample split 70% landlines and 30% cellphones.

Sample was pulled by postal code for landlines and by billing centre for cellphones. A screening question was included at the start of the survey to confirm residency in the City of Vancouver.

Interviewing was conducted in English, Cantonese, and Mandarin.

The final data has been weighted to ensure that the gender/age and neighbourhood distribution reflects that of the actual population in the City of Vancouver according to 2016 Census data.

Overall results are accurate to within ±4.0%, 19 times out of 20. The margin of error will be larger for sample subgroups.



#### **BUSINESSES**

A total of 200 interviews were conducted with Vancouver businesses, broken out as follows: small businesses with <25 employees (n114), medium businesses with 25 to 99 employees (n56), and large businesses with 100+ employees (n30).

A screening question was included at the start of the survey to confirm that respondents own, manage, or operate a business in the City of Vancouver. Interviews were conducted with the person responsible for the overall management and direction of their company at that specific location.

Interviewing was conducted exclusively on landlines in English.

The final data has been weighted by business size according to 2020 BC Stats data.

Overall results are accurate to within ±6.9%, 19 times out of 20. The margin of error will be larger for sample subgroups.



## **Interpreting and Viewing Results**



#### INTERPRETING AND VIEWING RESULTS

Some totals in the report may not add to 100%. Some summary statistics (e.g., total satisfied) may not match their component parts. The numbers are correct, and the apparent errors are due to rounding.

Analysis of some of the statistically significant demographic differences among residents is included where applicable. While a number of significant differences may appear in the cross-tabulation output, not all differences warrant discussion. Smaller sample sizes limit any meaningful demographic analysis among businesses.

#### TRACKING TO PREVIOUS SURVEYS

Where appropriate, this year's results have been compared to past Civic Service Satisfaction Surveys. Comparing the year-over-year results allows the City to understand how residents' and businesses' attitudes and priorities are changing, identify new or emerging issues facing the community, and monitor perceptions of the City's performance in key areas.

Arrows (▲▼) are used to denote any significant differences between previous years.

#### NORMATIVE COMPARISONS

Where appropriate, the City of Vancouver's results have been compared to Ipsos' municipal norms to provide a benchmark against which the City can evaluate its performance. These norms are based on research Ipsos has conducted in other Canadian municipalities within the past five years and are thus based primarily on prepandemic data. Normative comparisons are available for residents only.



# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY





#### Dashboard – Residents

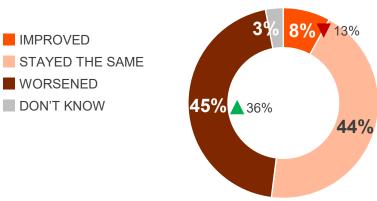
#### **QUALITY OF LIFE**

**OVERALL QUALITY OF LIFE** 



Of residents rate the overall quality of life as Very Good (22%▼34%) or Good (59%)

#### CHANGE IN QUALITY OF LIFE



Base: All residents (n=600) Quality of Life - Q2, Q3 Important Local Issues - Q1 Financial Planning - Q13, Q13a, Q13b, Q13d

▲ / ▼ Significantly higher/lower than previous year. 9 - © Ipsos 2019 value is indicated in black text beside each arrow

#### **IMPORTANT LOCAL ISSUES**

TOP 3 ISSUES Answer list partially changed in 2021 – comparisons to previous years should be interpreted with caution.

32%

20% 11%

Social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)

Housing/accommodations (including housing affordability)

#### FINANCIAL PLANNING

COVID-19 (NET)

**VALUE FOR TAXES** 



**76%** 

Of residents rate programs and services provided by the City as a Very Good Value for tax dollars (15% ▼21%) or Fairly Good (61%)

WILLINGNESS TO PAY MORE USER FEES



**67%** 

Of residents are willing to pay more in user fees for services – Very Willing (14%▼18%) and Somewhat Willing (53%)

#### TOP 3 PREFERRED OPTIONS TO BALANCE BUDGET Answer list changed in 2021 – no longer comparable to previous years.

**54%** 

Continue to offer the same

services but not to the same

level, for example reduced

hours

33%

Postpone infrastructure projects (e.g., new amenities or major repairs)

31%

Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees



### Dashboard - Residents (cont.)

#### **CITY SERVICES**

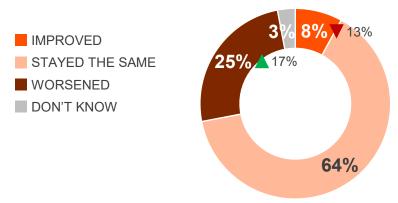
#### OVERALL SATISFACTION WITH CITY SERVICES



78% **78%** 

Of residents are satisfied with City services – Very Satisfied (17%▼24%) or Somewhat Satisfied (62%)

#### CHANGE IN LEVEL AND QUALITY OF SERVICES



Base: All residents (n=600) City Services – Q6, Q7, Q10, Q11

#### TOP 3 SERVICES WITH HIGHEST SATISFACTION RATINGS - VERY + SOMEWHAT SATISFIED

92%

89%

38%

Library services

Fire rescue and medical response

Providing garbage and green bin collection

## <u>BOTTOM 3 SERVICES WITH LOWEST SATISFACTION RATINGS – VERY + SOMEWHAT</u> SATISFIED

**44**% ▼52%

**34**% ▼51%

**30%** 

Social policies and projects that address issues such as poverty, mental health and addictions, immigration, and childcare

Homelessness services, such as shelters, warming centres, and housing support

Enabling affordable housing

#### TOP 3 SERVICES WHERE RESIDENTS FEEL THE CITY SHOULD INVEST MORE

**75%** 

**73%** 

71%

Homelessness services, such as shelters, warming centres, and housing support

Enabling affordable housing

Social policies and projects that address issues such as poverty, mental health and addictions, immigration, and childcare



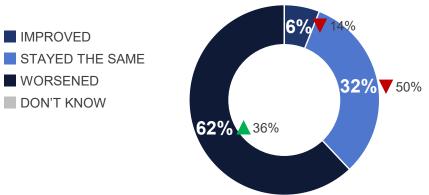
#### Dashboard - Businesses

**QUALITY OF LIFE** 

OVERALL QUALITY OF LIFE



#### CHANGE IN QUALITY OF LIFE



Base: All businesses (n=200) Quality of Life - Q2, Q3 Important Local Issues - Q1 Financial Planning - Q13, Q13a, Q13b, Q13d

> ▲ / ▼ Significantly higher/lower than previous year 2019 value is indicated in black text beside each arrow

#### **IMPORTANT LOCAL ISSUES**

TOP 3 ISSUES Answer list partially changed in 2021 – comparisons to previous years should be interpreted with caution.

**38%**<sup>6</sup>0%

**24%** 13%

**11%** 22%

COVID-19 (NET)

Social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)

Affordability/cost of living (excluding housing affordability)

#### FINANCIAL PLANNING

51%

Continue to offer the same

services but not to the same

level, for example reduced

hours

**VALUE FOR TAXES** 



77%

Of businesses rate programs and services provided by the City as a Very Good Value for tax dollars (11%) or Fairly Good (66%)

WILLINGNESS TO PAY MORE USER FEES



68%

Of businesses are willing to pay more in user fees for services - Very Willing (10%) and Somewhat Willing (58%)

TOP 3 PREFERRED OPTIONS TO BALANCE BUDGET Answer list changed in 2021 – no longer comparable to previous years.

45%

Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees

30%

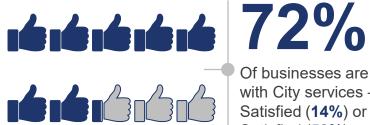
Increase user fees for City services that currently have fees



### Dashboard – Businesses (cont.)

#### **CITY SERVICES**

#### OVERALL SATISFACTION WITH CITY SERVICES



Of businesses are satisfied with City services - Very Satisfied (14%) or Somewhat Satisfied (58%)

#### TOP 3 SERVICES WITH HIGHEST SATISFACTION RATINGS - VERY + SOMEWHAT SATISFIED

95%

92%

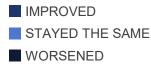
89%

Online services for paying taxes, tickets, utility bills, etc.

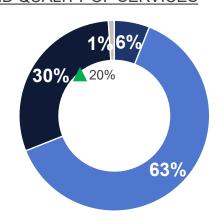
Fire rescue and medical response

Library services

#### CHANGE IN LEVEL AND QUALITY OF SERVICES







BOTTOM 3 SERVICES WITH LOWEST SATISFACTION RATINGS - VERY + SOMEWHAT **SATISFIED** 

**62%** 

56%

City-wide and community longrange planning

Parking and enforcement

Development & building permits

TOP 3 SERVICES WHERE BUSINESSES FEEL THE CITY SHOULD INVEST MORE

Keeping our community clean - i.e., litter pick up, roads and sidewalks sweeping, receptacles etc.

Street infrastructure and maintenance

Fire rescue and medical response

Base: All businesses (n=200) City Services - Q6, Q7, Q10, Q11





### Key Takeaways (page 1 of 2)

The COVID-19 pandemic has negatively impacted many aspects of everyday life for residents and businesses.

Key survey measures around overall quality of life and service satisfaction are positive but lower than previous years.

- Quality of life: 81% residents (down 8 points from 2019), 80% businesses (down 12 points)
- Overall service satisfaction: 78% residents (down 8 points), 72% businesses (down 8 points)
- For residents, overall satisfaction has dropped for a number of services, including homelessness services, police services, recreation, emergency preparedness, social policies & projects, and making streets vibrant. There are also two services where business satisfaction has significantly decreased (police services and development & building permits).

Perceptions of a worsening quality of life are exacerbated this year, partly due to the COVID-19 pandemic but also due to issues around the cost of living, housing/accommodations, poverty/homelessness, and public safety/crime.



## Key Takeaways (page 2 of 2)

COVID-19 tops this year's issue agenda but social issues (homelessness, poverty, childcare) are also a growing concern. Residents prioritize investment in homelessness, affordable housing, and social policies. Businesses have more diverse priorities led by community 6 cleanliness and street infrastructure. Overall perceptions of value for taxes have not significantly changed from 2019. Continuing to offer the same services but at a reduced level is the most preferred option for balancing the budget. Raising residential and business property taxes is the least preferred.



## DETAILED RESULTS





## COVID-19



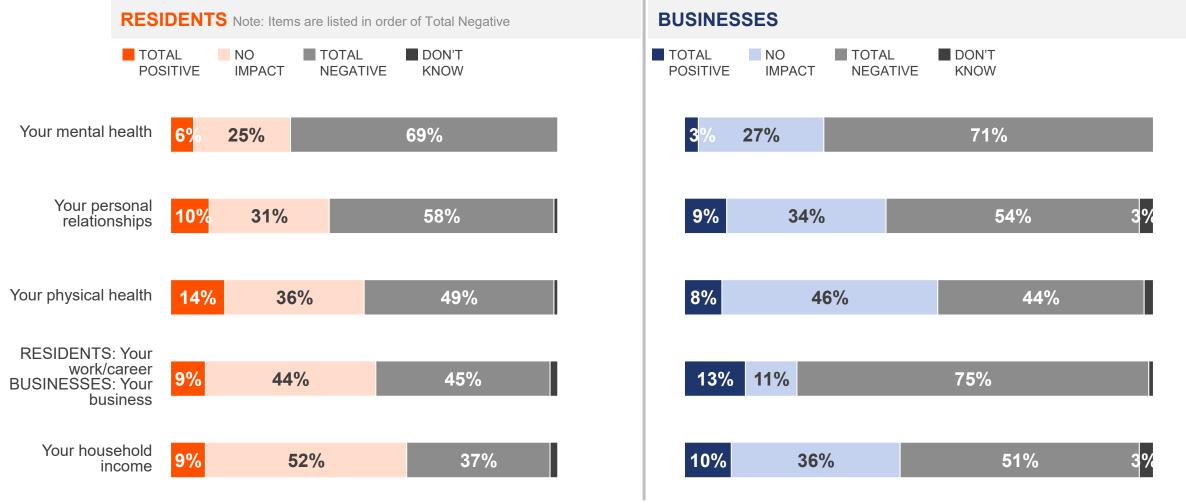
## **Section Summary**

The COVID-19 pandemic has negatively impacted many aspects of everyday life for both residents and businesses.

- For residents, the greatest negative impact has been on their **mental health** (69%) and **personal relationships** (58%). The pandemic has also taken a toll on residents' **physical health** (49%), **work/career** (45%), and **household income** (37%).
  - Demographically, the negative impacts of the pandemic have been experienced disproportionally. For example, women are more likely than men to report experiencing a deterioration in their mental health, as are younger residents (<55 years of age) and renters. Younger residents and renters are also more likely to say their work/career and household income have been negatively impacted by the pandemic. The negative impact of the pandemic on household incomes is also felt more strongly among residents who are already on the lower end of the income spectrum.
- The impact on businesses is even more pronounced, with 75% saying their **business** has been negatively impacted by the pandemic and 71% saying their **mental health** has been negatively impacted. Many also report experiencing negative impacts on their **personal relationships** (54%), **household income** (51%), and **physical health** (44%).



## **Impact of COVID-19**



Labels <3% not shown

Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)

COVID1. Overall, what kind of impact, if any, has the COVID-19 pandemic had on each of the following? Would you say the COVID-19 pandemic has had a very positive impact, slightly positive impact, no impact, slightly negative impact or very negative impact on ...?



## Impact of COVID-19 (Residents)

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

				TOTAL	NEGATIVE						
		GEN	GENDER AGE			NEIGHBOURHOOD					
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Your mental health	69%	64%	73% B	73% <b>F</b>	75% <b>F</b>	58%	77% HJ	62%	77% HJ	61%	67%
Your personal relationships	58%	53%	61%	56%	59%	59%	63%	65%	60%	53%	53%
Your physical health	49%	45%	51%	53%	52% <b>F</b>	42%	53%	38%	57% H	43%	51%
Your work/career	45%	43%	45%	55% <b>F</b>	52% <b>F</b>	27%	51%	45%	48%	42%	42%
Your household income	37%	37%	36%	48% <b>F</b>	38% <b>F</b>	23%	41%	34%	37%	32%	39%

Base: All residents (n=600)

COVID1. Overall, what kind of impact, if any, has the COVID-19 pandemic had on each of the following? Would you say the COVID-19 pandemic has had a very positive impact, slightly positive impact, no impact, slightly negative impact or very negative impact on ...?



## Impact of COVID-19 (Residents)

#### (by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

			TOTAL NEGAT	IVE					
		HH COM	HH COMPOSITION		OWN/RENT		HH INCOME		
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]	
Your mental health	69%	72%	68%	65%	75% D	69%	69%	71%	
Your personal relationships	58%	58%	58%	57%	59%	60%	62%	54%	
Your physical health	49%	56%	47%	46%	49%	50%	52%	50%	
Your work/career	45%	55% C	42%	40%	50% D	50%	41%	47%	
Your household income	37%	41%	35%	33%	42% D	48% H	37%	31%	

Base: All residents (n=600)

**20** – © Ipsos

COVID1. Overall, what kind of impact, if any, has the COVID-19 pandemic had on each of the following? Would you say the COVID-19 pandemic has had a very positive impact, slightly positive impact, no impact, slightly negative impact or very negative impact on ...?



## QUALITY OF LIFE





### **Section Summary**

#### Overall perceptions of quality of life are favourable but down from previous years.

- Eight-in-ten (81%) residents rate Vancouver's overall quality of life today as 'very good' (22%) or 'good' (59%), down 8 percentage points from 2019.
  - Overall perceptions of quality of life (combined 'very good/good' responses) are higher among residents living in the Northwest and those with household incomes of \$100K+.
- Similarly, 80% of businesses rate the overall quality of life favourably (15% 'very good', 65% 'good'), down 12 percentage points from 2019.
- In comparison, the normative resident score is 95% total good, including 40% saying 'very good' and 55% saying 'good'.

#### Perceptions of a worsening quality of life are exacerbated this year.

- Nearly half (45%) of residents say the quality of life in Vancouver has 'worsened' over the past three years, up 9 points from 2019. Another 44% say the quality of life has 'stayed the same' (on par with 2019) and 8% say it has 'improved' (down 5 points).
  - Perceptions of an 'worsening' quality of life are higher among women, those who are 35+ years of age, and those with household incomes of \$60K+.
- Perceptions of a deteriorating quality of life are even more pronounced among businesses, with 62% saying the quality of life has 'worsened' over the past three years (up 26 points from 2019). Another 32% say the quality of life has 'stayed the same' (down 18 points) and 6% say it has 'improved' (down 8 points).
- In comparison, the normative resident score includes 19% saying 'improved', 49% saying 'stayed the same', and 31% saying 'worsened'.



### **Section Summary** (cont.)

#### A variety of factors are behind perceptions of an improved quality of life.

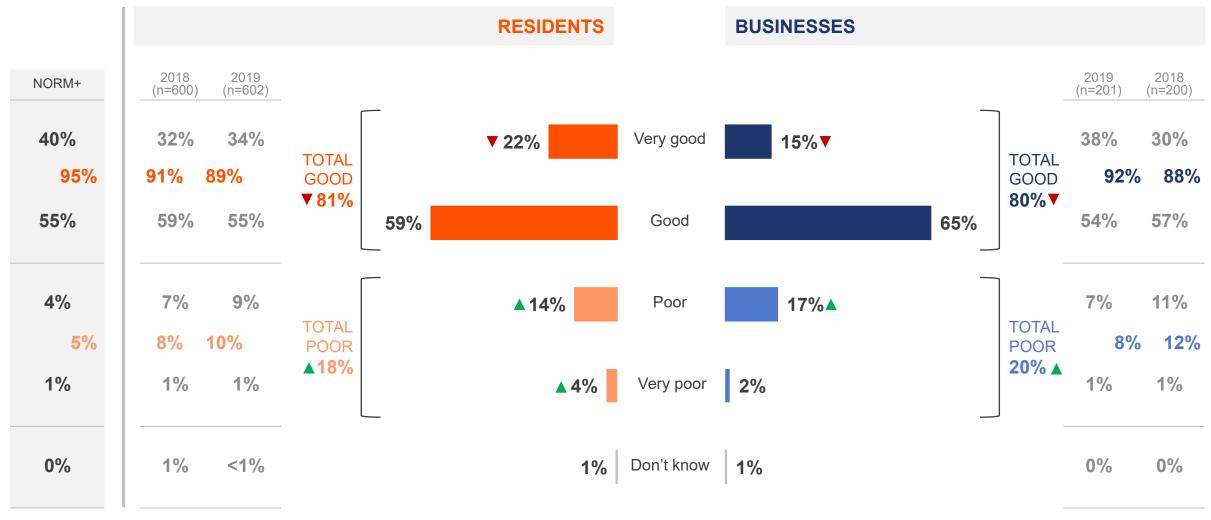
- Among residents saying the quality of life has 'improved', the three most frequently mentioned open-ended explanations are "things are getting better/city is improving" (14%), "improved transportation options" (11%), and "more facilities/amenities" (10%).
- With only 10 businesses saying the quality of life has 'improved', coding of open-ended responses is not recommended.

#### The COVID-19 pandemic contributes to perceptions of a worsened quality of life but is not the only reason for feeling this way.

- One-quarter (26%) of residents saying the quality of life has 'worsened' attribute this to "COVID-19/pandemic" on an open-ended basis. With the appearance of COVID-19, mentions of "cost of living" (23%) and "housing/accommodations" (21%) are down this year (dropping 19 points and 14 points, respectively), although still figure prominently overall. Other leading contributing factors include "poverty/homelessness" (18%) and "decline in public safety/increased crime rate" (16%). Mentions of public safety and crime are up 9 points this year as compared to 2019.
  - Demographically, men are more likely than women to mention "COVID-19/pandemic". Residents <55 years of age are more likely to mention "cost of living", while those who are 35-54 years of age and renters are more likely to mention "housing/accommodations".
- Although "COVID-19/pandemic" is also a reason why some businesses feel the quality of life has 'worsened' (15%), it is not the leading factor behind deteriorating perceptions. Rather, businesses who feel the quality of life has 'worsened' more frequently attribute this to "poverty/ homelessness" (27%), "housing/accommodations" (23%), "decline in public safety/increased crime rate" (20%), and "cost of living" (18%). Similar to residents, mentions of public safety and crime among businesses are up 17 points this year as compared to 2019. Conversely, there has been a 40-point drop in cost of living mentions.



## **Overall Quality of Life**



<sup>+</sup> The norm is the average rating from Canadian municipalities surveyed by Ipsos in the past five years. Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)



Q2. How would you rate the overall quality of life in the City of Vancouver today?

## **Overall Quality of Life (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	IDER		AGE		NEIGHBOURHOOD				
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Very good	22%	24%	21%	18%	21%	28% D	22%	34% K	22%	25% K	15%
Good	59%	61%	59%	64%	59%	54%	54%	58%	57%	60%	63%
Poor	14%	11%	14%	13%	16%	12%	15%	6%	16% H	14%	16% H
Very Poor	4%	3%	4%	4%	3%	5%	8% <mark>J</mark>	2%	3%	2%	5%
Don't know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	2%
TOTAL GOOD	81%	85%	80%	82%	81%	81%	76%	92% <b>GIK</b>	80%	85%	78%
TOTAL POOR	18%	14%	19%	17%	18%	17%	23% H	8%	19% H	15%	20% H

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q2. How would you rate the overall quality of life in the City of Vancouver today?



A percentage with a letter beside it is significantly higher than the subgroup in the

column labelled with that letter (at 95%

confidence level).

## **Overall Quality of Life (Residents)**

#### (by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

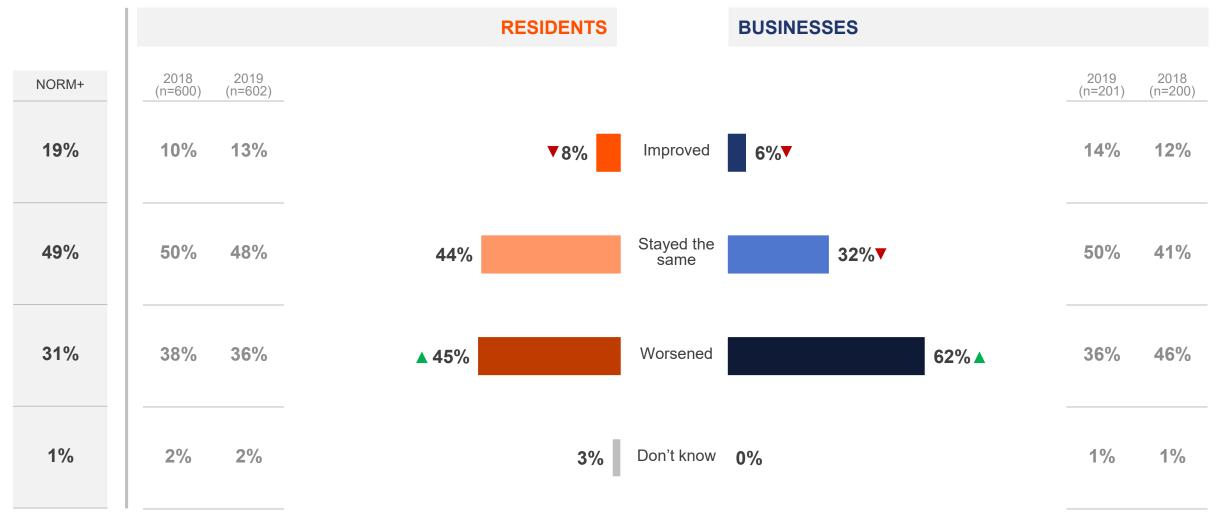
		HH COMPOSITION		OWN/RENT				
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]
Very good	22%	20%	23%	24%	19%	19%	24%	25%
Good	59%	59%	59%	58%	61%	60%	51%	64% G
Poor	14%	18%	12%	13%	14%	15% H	17% H	8%
Very Poor	4%	2%	5%	4%	5%	4%	6%	2%
Don't know	1%	<1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	<1%
TOTAL GOOD	81%	80%	82%	82%	81%	80%	76%	90% FG
TOTAL POOR	18%	20%	17%	17%	19%	19% H	22% H	10%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q2. How would you rate the overall quality of life in the City of Vancouver today?



## **Change in Quality of Life**



<sup>+</sup> The norm is the average rating from Canadian municipalities surveyed by Ipsos in the past five years. Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)



Q3. And, do you feel that the quality of life in the City of Vancouver in the past three years has improved, stayed the same, or worsened?

## **Change in Quality of Life (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	NDER		AGE NEIGHBOURHOOD						
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Improved	8%	10%	5%	6%	9%	8%	5%	14%	8%	6%	7%
Stayed the same	44%	47%	42%	54% EF	40%	38%	37%	42%	39%	48%	50%
Worsened	45%	40%	50% B	34%	49% D	54% D	53%	42%	47%	43%	43%
Don't know	3%	4%	2%	6% EF	2%	<1%	4% K	3%	6% K	2%	1%



## **Change in Quality of Life (Residents)**

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

		HH COM	HH COMPOSITION		/RENT	HH INCOME			
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]	
Improved	8%	7%	8%	8%	7%	7%	10%	7%	
Stayed the same	44%	43%	44%	43%	44%	51% <b>G</b>	37%	44%	
Worsened	45%	47%	45%	48%	44%	36%	51% F	47% F	
Don't know	3%	3%	3%	1%	5% D	6% <b>G</b>	1%	2%	

Base: All residents (n=600)

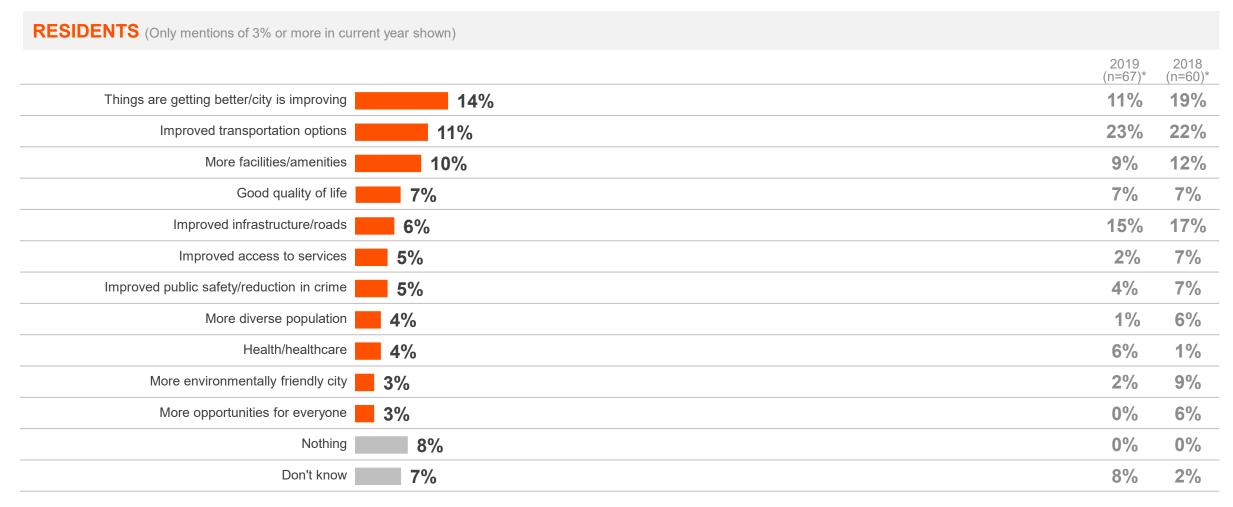
Q3. And, do you feel that the quality of life in the City of Vancouver in the past three years has improved, stayed the same, or worsened?



confidence level).

## Reasons Quality of Life has Improved (Residents)

(among those saying the quality of life has improved) (coded open-ends)



<sup>\*</sup> Small base size (<100), interpret with caution. 
\*\* Very small base size (<50), interpret with extreme caution. Base: Those saying the quality of life has improved: Residents (n=47\*\*); Businesses (n=10)\*\* Q4. Why do you think the quality of life has improved?



## Reasons Quality of Life has Worsened (Residents)

(among those saying the quality of life has worsened) (coded open-ends)

**RESIDENTS** (Only mentions of 3% or more in current year shown) 2019 2018 (n=235)(n=251)COVID-19/pandemic 26%▲ n/a n/a Cost of living 43% 23%▼ 31% Housing/accommodations 21%▼ 16%▲ 8% Poverty/homelessness 18% 6% Decline in public safety/increased crime rate **16%** Drug addiction/overdose 9% 5% Traffic congestion 6%**V** 19% Overcrowding/overpopulation/overdevelopment 25% 20% 6%▼ 5% Governance and transparency 6% Infrastructure/roads 4% 6% Taxation 10% Don't know

Base: Residents saying the quality of life has worsened (n=289) Q5. Why do you think the quality of life has worsened?



## Top Five Reasons Quality of Life has Worsened (Residents)

(by Gender, Age, Own/Rent, and HH Income)

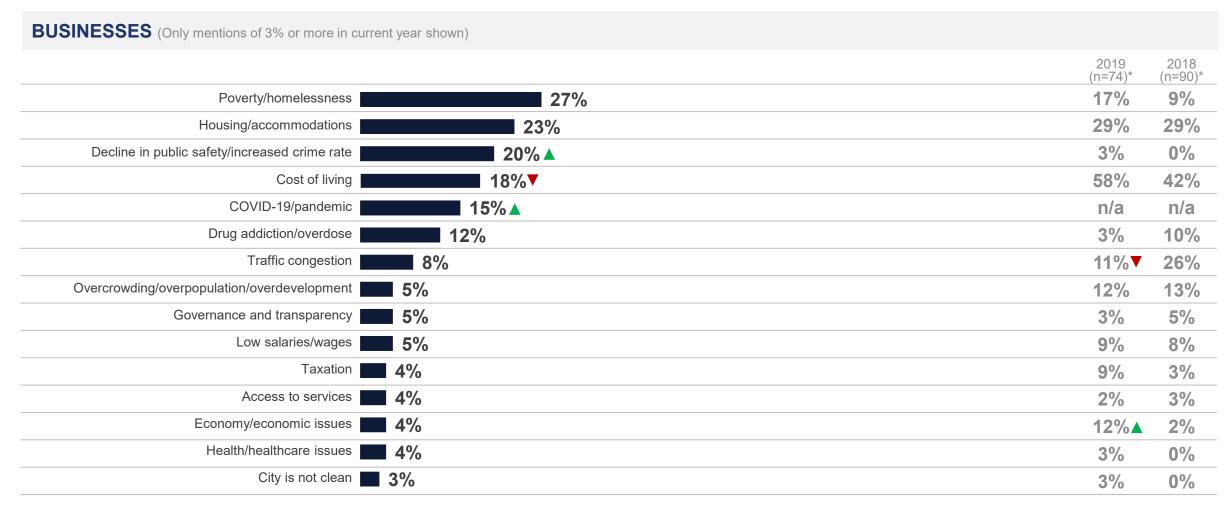
		GENI	DER		AGE		OWN/F	RENT	HH IN	COME
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34** [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	OWN [G]	RENT [H]	<\$80K [I]	\$80K+ [J]
COVID-19/pandemic	26%	32% C	21%	24%	22%	30%	25%	27%	28%	23%
Cost of living	23%	20%	24%	30% F	28% <b>F</b>	13%	23%	23%	21%	26%
Housing/accommodations	21%	18%	24%	20%	26% F	15%	13%	31% <b>G</b>	22%	21%
Poverty/homelessness	18%	23%	15%	16%	19%	18%	23% H	13%	14%	22%
Decline in public safety/increased crime rate	16%	12%	20%	22%	15%	13%	13%	21%	19%	16%



<sup>\*</sup> Small base size (<100), interpret with caution. \*\* Very small base size (<50), interpret with extreme caution Base: Residents saying the quality of life has worsened (n=289) Q5. Why do you think the quality of life has worsened?

## Reasons Quality of Life has Worsened (Businesses)

(among those saying the quality of life has worsened) (coded open-ends)



<sup>\*</sup> Small base size (<100), interpret with caution. Base: Businesses saying the quality of life has worsened (n=124) Q5. Why do you think the quality of life has worsened?



## IMPORTANT LOCAL ISSUES





## **Section Summary**

#### **COVID-19 tops this year's issue agenda.**

- On an open-ended basis, 32% of residents identify "COVID-19" as the most important local issue facing the City of Vancouver at the present time. "Social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)" places second, garnering 20% of mentions and up 9 points from 2019 (comparisons to previous years should be interpreted with caution due to some changes in the answer list). Rounding out the top three is "housing/accommodations (including housing affordability)" at 19%, down 29 points from 2019. Mentions of "infrastructure/transportation" are also down significantly this year, dropping 28 points to currently sit at 12%.
  - "COVID-19" is more likely to be mentioned by residents who are 18-34 years of age, renters, and those with household incomes of <\$60K. Conversely, "social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)" are more likely to be mentioned by those with household incomes of \$60K+. Mentions of "housing/accommodations" are higher among those living in the Northwest, Northeast, and the Downtown/West End.
- "COVID-19" is also the most frequently mentioned issue among businesses (38%). This is followed by "social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)" (24%, up 11 points from 2019) and "affordability/cost of living (excluding housing affordability)" (11%, down 11 points). As with residents, the percentage of businesses mentioning "infrastructure/transportation" is down significantly this year (7%, dropping 32 points from 2019).



## Important Local Issues (Residents)

(coded open-ends, multiple responses allowed)

**RESIDENTS** (Only mentions of 3% or more in current year shown)

` *	,			
		2019 (n=602)	2018 (n=600)	
COVID-19 (NET)	32%▲	n/a	n/a	
Other COVID-19 mentions (e.g., health and safety, general mentions)	21%▲	n/a	n/a	-
Post-pandemic recovery	5%▲	n/a	n/a	-
COVID-19 restrictions/health orders	4%▲	n/a	n/a	-
Social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)	20%▲	11%	13%	-
Housing/accommodations (including housing affordability)	19%▼	48%	49%	-
Affordability/cost of living (excluding housing affordability)	13%	15%	16%	-
Infrastructure/transportation	12%▼	40%	44%	-
Addiction and overdoses	11%	9%	7%	-
Economy/economic issues	8%▲	3%	2%	

		2019	0040
		(n=602)	2018 (n=600)
Crime/criminal activity	7%	9%▲	3%
Health/healthcare	6%▲	3%	4%
Development (e.g., densification, impact on green space)	5%▼	8%	9%
Environment/environmental issues/sustainability	5%▼	8%	10%
Governance and transparency (e.g., bylaws and enforcement)	4%	3%	4%
Small/local business (unrelated to post-pandemic economic recovery of businesses)	4%▲	n/a	n/a
City finances (e.g., debt, spending)	3%	3%	3%
Racism and inequity	3%▲	n/a	n/a
Nothing/don't know	10%	10%	7%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q1. From your perspective as a resident of the City of Vancouver, what are the most important local issues facing the City at the present time? Anything else?

Answer list partially changed in 2021 – comparisons to previous years should be interpreted with caution.







#### **Top Ten Important Local Issues (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	IDER		AGE			NEI	GHBOURHOO	D	
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
COVID-19 (NET)	32%	31%	31%	41% EF	27%	26%	31%	26%	31%	34%	34%
Social issues	20%	17%	23%	18%	22%	21%	25%	22%	21%	15%	18%
Housing/accommodations	19%	19%	19%	15%	23%	18%	23% K	27% <b>K</b>	25% K	17%	10%
Affordability/cost of living	13%	12%	13%	11%	13%	15%	11%	18%	15%	12%	11%
Infrastructure/transportation	12%	11%	14%	10%	11%	17%	11%	14%	13%	20% K	8%
Addiction and overdoses	11%	10%	12%	6%	13% D	12%	17% HJ	6%	13%	7%	10%
Economy/economic issues	8%	7%	10%	9%	7%	9%	8%	11%	7%	11%	7%
Crime/criminal activity	7%	6%	8%	4%	10% <b>F</b>	5%	11% H	2%	5%	4%	9% l
Health/healthcare	6%	5%	7%	4%	7%	7%	4%	7%	8%	3%	7%
Development	5%	6%	5%	1%	7% D	8% D	4%	6%	3%	8%	5%
Environment	5%	4%	6%	4%	5%	6%	4%	10% I	2%	5%	6%

Q1. From your perspective as a resident of the City of Vancouver, what are the most important local issues facing the City at the present time? Anything else?



## **Top Ten Important Local Issues (Residents)**

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

		HH COM	IPOSITION	OWN/F	RENT		HH INCOME	
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]
COVID-19 (NET)	32%	27%	33%	27%	36% D	40% H	30%	24%
Social issues	20%	19%	20%	22%	18%	12%	24% F	28% <b>F</b>
Housing/accommodations	19%	20%	19%	17%	23%	17%	18%	24%
Affordability/cost of living	13%	16%	12%	14%	13%	8%	14%	17% F
Infrastructure/transportation	12%	11%	13%	16% E	9%	12%	11%	15%
Addiction and overdoses	11%	12%	10%	11%	10%	7%	13%	13%
Economy/economic issues	8%	8%	9%	9%	9%	8%	7%	8%
Crime/criminal activity	7%	9%	6%	8%	6%	3%	9% F	8% <b>F</b>
Health/healthcare	6%	8%	5%	5%	6%	4%	4%	8%
Development	5%	7%	5%	9% E	1%	2%	3%	9% FG
Environment	5%	5%	5%	6%	4%	3%	4%	8% F

Q1. From your perspective as a resident of the City of Vancouver, what are the most important local issues facing the City at the present time? Anything else?



## Important Local Issues (Businesses)

(coded open-ends, multiple responses allowed)

**BUSINESSES** (Only mentions of 3% or more in current year shown)

		2019 (n=201)	2018 (n=200)		2019 (n=201)	2018 (n=200)
COVID-19 (NET)	38%▲	n/a	n/a	Infrastructure/transportation <b>7%</b> ▼	39%	44%
Other COVID-19 mentions (e.g., health and safety, general mentions)	23%▲	n/a	n/a	Economy/economic issues 6%	12%	8%
Post-pandemic recovery	13%▲	n/a	n/a	Governance and transparency (e.g., bylaws and enforcement) 6%	7%	4%
COVID-19 restrictions/health orders	5%▲	n/a	n/a	Small/local business (unrelated to post-pandemic economic recovery of businesses) <b>6%</b> ▲	n/a	n/a
Social issues (e.g., homelessness, poverty, childcare)	24%▲	13%	8%	Health/healthcare <b>5%</b> ▲	1%	2%
Affordability/cost of living (excluding housing affordability)	11%▼	22%	28%	Development (e.g., densification, impact on green space) 4%	4%▼	12%
Housing/accommodations (including affordability)	8%▼	19%▼	38%	City finances (e.g., debt, spending) 3%	3%	2%
Addiction and overdoses	8%	3%▼	10%	Nothing/don't know 9%	9%	8%
Crime/criminal activity	7%	6%	6%			

Base: All businesses (n=200)

Q1. From your perspective as a business owner, manager, or operator in the City of Vancouver, what are the most important local issues facing the City at the present time? Anything else?

Answer list partially changed in 2021 – comparisons to previous years should be interpreted with caution.





# CITY SERVICES



#### **Section Summary**

#### Most residents and businesses are satisfied with City services overall, although less so than previous years.

- In total, 78% of residents say they are 'very' (17%) or 'somewhat' (62%) satisfied with the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver, down 8 points from 2019.
  - Overall satisfaction (combined 'very/somewhat satisfied' ratings) with services is higher among women, those living outside of the Downtown/West End, and those with household incomes of <\$60K.
- Overall satisfaction among businesses stands at 72% this year, including 14% saying 'very satisfied' and 58% saying 'somewhat satisfied'.
   While not statistically significant, there has been a directional decrease in overall satisfaction among businesses this year (down 8 points from 2019).
- In comparison, the normative resident score is 90% total satisfied (31% 'very satisfied', 59% 'somewhat satisfied').

## Most say the overall level and quality of City services has stayed the same over the past three years, although negative momentum is growing.

- Nearly two-thirds (64%) of residents say the overall level and quality of City services has 'stayed the same' in the past three years (on par with 2019), compared to 8% saying 'improved' (down 5 points) and 25% saying 'worsened' (up 8 points).
  - Perceptions of 'worsened' services are higher among residents who are 35+ years of age, live in the Downtown/West End, live in households with children under the age of 18, and have household incomes of \$60K+.
- Similarly, 63% of businesses say the overall level and quality of services has 'stayed the same' in the past three years, compared to 6% saying 'improved' and 30% saying 'worsened'. The percentage of businesses saying City services have 'worsened' is up 10 points from 2019.

#### A variety of factors are behind impressions of improved City services.

- Among residents saying City services have 'improved', the most frequently mentioned open-ended reasons are "improved access to services" (11%), "more efficient/faster services" (11%), "services have improved (unspecified)" (10%), and "more transportation options" (10%).
- With only 14 businesses saying City services have 'improved', coding of open-ended responses is not recommended.

## Governance/transparency and the COVID-19 pandemic are frequently cited by both residents and businesses as a reason why City services have worsened.

- Among residents saying City services have 'worsened', the top three leading open-ended reasons are "governance and transparency" (17%), "COVID-19/pandemic" (13%), and "poor quality of service" (11%, down 12 points from 2019). Another 10% mention "overdevelopment/ overpopulation". Analysis by demographic segment is limited due to small sample sizes.
- Among businesses saying City services have 'worsened', the leading open-ended reason is "governance and transparency" (35%), followed by "COVID-19/pandemic" (17%) and "homelessness" (15%). Another 10% mention "too many rules/regulations/policies".



#### Residents are satisfied with most of the evaluated services, but satisfaction has dropped in a number of areas this year.

- Of the 26 services evaluated by residents, 20 receive an overall satisfaction score (combined 'very/somewhat satisfied' responses) higher than 70%, with the highest satisfaction rating going to **library services** (92%).
- In comparison, **economic development** (67%), **parking** (65%), and **development & building permits** (52%) score relatively lower, although are still deemed satisfactory by a majority of residents.
- Only a minority of residents say they are satisfied with **social policies & projects** (44%), **homelessness services** (34%), and **enabling affordable housing** (30%).
- Compared to 2019, overall satisfaction is notably lower this year for **homelessness services** (down 17 points), **police services** (down 11 points), **recreation** (down 8 points), **emergency preparedness** (down 8 points), **social policies & projects** (down 8 points), and **making streets vibrant** (down 6 points). Moreover, the intensity of satisfaction with many services has shifted this year, moving from 'very' to 'somewhat' satisfied. Positively, overall satisfaction with **online payment services** is up 6 points from 2019.



#### Business remain satisfied with most services, although two significant drops in satisfaction are seen this year.

- Of the 19 services evaluated by businesses, 13 receive a satisfaction score (combined 'very/somewhat satisfied' responses) higher than 70%, with the highest ratings going to **online payment services** (95%) and **fire rescue & medical response** (92%).
- In comparison, relatively lower satisfaction scores are seen for **keeping our community clean** (69%), **street infrastructure** (69%), **economic development** (67%), **long-range planning** (62%), and **parking** (56%). However, these are still rated satisfactory by a majority of businesses.
- Businesses are the least satisfied with **development & building permits**, with only 40% saying they are satisfied with this service.
- Compared to 2019, overall satisfaction is statistically consistent for most services. Two notable exceptions are police services (down 15 points) and development & building permits (down 13 points). While directional decreases are seen for many other services, these differences are not statistically significant.



Residents' top three investment priorities continue to be homelessness services, enabling affordable housing, and social policies & projects.

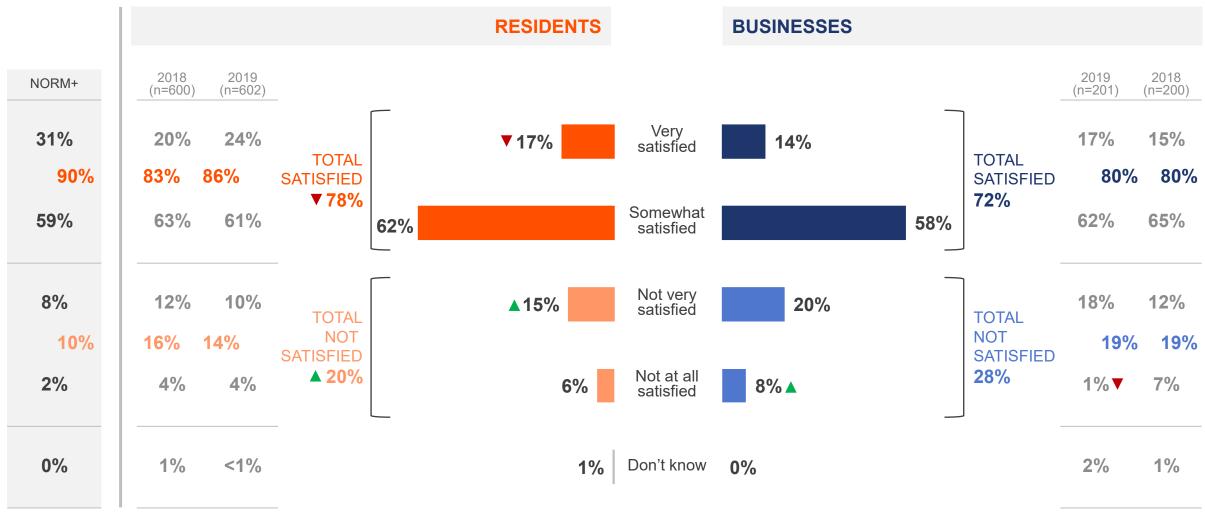
- Overall, 75% of residents say the City should 'invest more' in **homelessness services**, 73% say the City should 'invest more' in **enabling affordable housing**, and 71% say the City should 'invest more' in **social policies & projects**. These three services stand out above all others when it comes to priorities for investment.
- Comparisons to 2019 show generally little change in residents' priorities for investment. There are only three services where there has been a statistically significant drop in the percentage saying 'invest more': **garbage & green bin collection** (down 8 points), **by-law enforcement** (down 7 points), and **parking** (down 7 points).

Businesses continue to have more diverse investment priorities, led by community cleanliness and street infrastructure.

- Overall, 52% of businesses say the City should 'invest more' in **keeping our community clean** and 51% say the City should 'invest more' in **street infrastructure**. Other investment priorities include **fire rescue & medical response** (49%), **economic development** (47%), **long-range planning** (46%), **police services** (46%), **development & building permits** (43%), **emergency preparedness** (42%), and **transportation infrastructure** (40%).
- This year's results are generally consistent with 2019. There are only two services where there has been a statistically significant change in the percentage saying 'invest more', and these are **keeping our community clean** (up 14 points) and **availability of online services** (up 10 points).



#### **Overall Satisfaction with City Services**



<sup>+</sup> The norm is the average rating from Canadian municipalities surveyed by Ipsos in the past five years. Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)



Q6. How satisfied are you with the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver?

#### Overall Satisfaction with City Services (Residents)

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GENI	DER		AGE			NE	EIGHBOURHOO	)			
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]		
Very satisfied	17%	17%	16%	14%	13%	23% DE	11%	17%	19%	24% <mark>GK</mark>	13%		
Somewhat satisfied	62%	58%	67% B	68% F	63%	54%	57%	62%	64%	56%	66%		
Not very satisfied	15%	18% C	10%	13%	17%	14%	22% K	13%	12%	16%	12%		
Not at all satisfied	6%	5%	6%	5%	6%	7%	8%	6%	5%	4%	6%		
Don't know	1%	2%	<1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	0%	0%	2%		
TOTAL SATISFIED	78%	75%	83% B	81%	76%	77%	68%	80%	83% <b>G</b>	80%	80% <b>G</b>		
TOTAL NOT SATISFIED	20%	23%	17%	18%	23%	21%	30% IK	19%	17%	20%	18%		

Q6. How satisfied are you with the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver?



## **Overall Satisfaction with City Services (Residents)**

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

		HH COM	IPOSITION	OWN	/RENT	HH INCOME			
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]	
Very satisfied	17%	11%	18%	17%	16%	21% H	18%	11%	
Somewhat satisfied	62%	62%	61%	60%	62%	62%	60%	63%	
Not very satisfied	15%	19%	13%	16%	13%	11%	12%	20% F	
Not at all satisfied	6%	7%	6%	6%	7%	4%	9% <b>F</b>	6%	
Don't know	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3% GH	0%	0%	
TOTAL SATISFIED	78%	73%	80%	77%	79%	83% H	78%	74%	
TOTAL NOT SATISFIED	20%	26%	19%	22%	20%	14%	22%	26% F	

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q6. How satisfied are you with the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver?



## **Change in City Services**



Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)

Q7. And, do you feel that the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver in the past three years has improved, stayed the same, or worsened?



#### **Change in City Services (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	NDER		AGE		NEIGHBOURHOOD				
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Improved	8%	8%	8%	12% <mark>E</mark>	5%	6%	7%	8%	6%	9%	8%
Stayed the same	64%	67%	62%	69%	62%	61%	54%	69%	63%	64%	68% <b>G</b>
Worsened	25%	21%	27%	13%	30% D	31% D	34% K	21%	21%	25%	23%
Don't know	3%	4%	3%	5%	3%	2%	4%	2%	10% HJK	1%	1%



#### **Change in City Services (Residents)**

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

		HH COM	POSITION	OWN	/RENT	HH INCOME			
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]	
Improved	8%	4%	9%	6%	10%	10%	8%	6%	
Stayed the same	64%	62%	65%	65%	62%	69%	64%	61%	
Worsened	25%	32% C	23%	27%	23%	17%	28% <b>F</b>	29% F	
Don't know	3%	2%	4%	2%	5%	4%	1%	4%	

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q7. And, do you feel that the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver in the past three years has improved, stayed the same, or worsened?



confidence level).

## Reasons City Services have Improved (Residents)

(among those saying City services have improved) (coded open-ends)

<b>ESIDENTS</b> (Only mentions of 3% or more in current year shown)		
	2019 (n=69)*	2( (n=
Improved access to services 11%	5%	13
More efficient/faster services 11%	0%	0
Services have improved (unspecified) 10%	12%	13
More transportation options 10%	20%	2′
Improved infrastructures/roads 7%	7%	16
Good customer service 6%	11%	14
Improved communication 6%	0%	0
Improved public safety/policing/crime prevention 4%	5%	0
Improved health/healthcare services 4%	1%	3
Improved street cleaning/snow removal 4%	4%	0
More facilities/amenities being built 4%	7%	9
More access to green spaces/parks 3%	5%	0
Governance and transparency 3%	10%	0
Don't know 13%	15%	7

<sup>\*</sup> Small base size (<100), interpret with caution.

\*\* Very small base size (<50), interpret with extreme caution.

Base: Those saying City services have improved: Residents (n=42\*\*); Businesses (n=14\*\*)

Q8. Why do you think the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver has improved?



#### Reasons City Services have Worsened (Residents)

(among those saying City services have worsened) (coded open-ends)

**RESIDENTS** (Only mentions of 5% or more in current year shown)

		2019 (n=116)	201 (n=14
Governance and transparency	17%	14%	200
COVID-19/pandemic	13%▲	n/a	n/a
Poor quality of service	11%▼	23%	16
Overdevelopment/overpopulation	10%	10%	15
Homelessness	8%	5%	5%
City budget/spending	7%	5%	0%
Cost of housing/real estate/rent	7%	10%	8%
Increase in crime	6%	3%	2%
Garbage services	5%▼	13%	15
Taxes	5%	11%	5%
Traffic congestion	5%	3%	79
Inefficient/slow services	5%▲	0%	0%
Cost of living	5%	8%	79
Nothing	2%	1%	00
Don't know	6%	2%	29

Base: Residents saying City services have worsened (n=161)

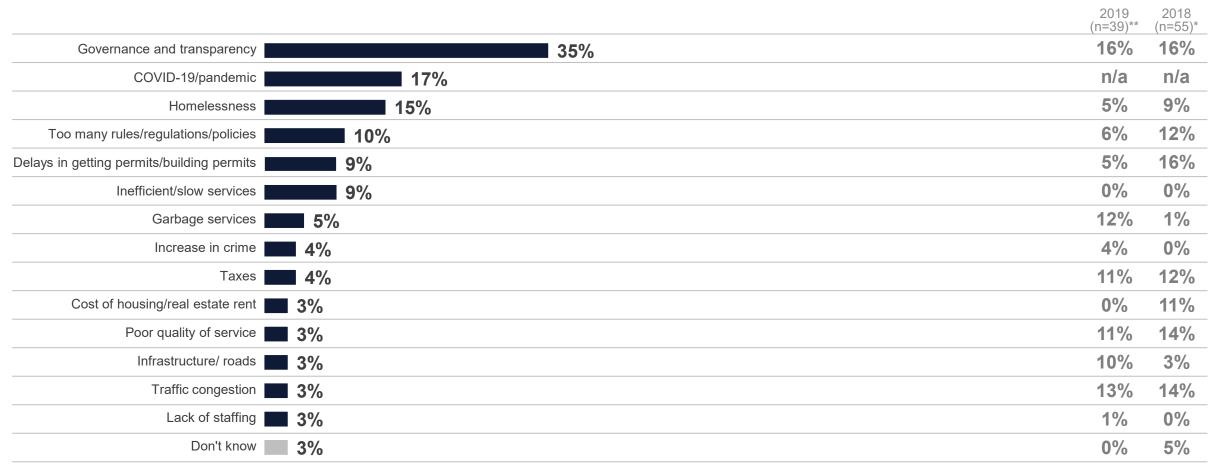
Q9. Why do you think the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver has worsened?



## Reasons City Services have Worsened (Businesses)

(among those saying City services have worsened) (coded open-ends)

**BUSINESSES** (Only mentions of 3% or more in current year shown)



<sup>\*</sup> Small base size (<100), interpret with caution. 
\*\* Very small base size (<50), interpret with extreme caution. Base: Businesses saying City services have worsened (n=67\*)
Q9. Why do you think the overall level and quality of services provided by the City of Vancouver has worsened?



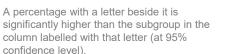
**RESIDENTS** (Service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided. Please see the Appendix for the full service wording.)

· ·					• •	0 /			
VERY SATISFIED SOMEWI	HAT SATISFIED		T2 2019	2B 2018				T2 2019	2B 2018
Library services (n=449)	<b>51%</b> ▼(59%)	92%	92%	93%	Transportation infrastructure (n=448)	31%	78%	<b>76</b> %▲	67%
Fire rescue & medical response (n=472)	<b>46%</b> ▼ (5 <b>3</b> %)	89%	90%	92%	Police services (n=462)	<b>28%</b> ▼ (44%)	78%▼	89%	88%
Garbage & green bin collection (n=475)	50%	88%	84%	87%	Keeping our community clean (n=470)	33%	76%	80%	76%
Online payment services (n=442)	47%	87%▲	81%	86%	Multi-channel service access (n=462)	26%	74%	70%	73%
Parks/green spaces (n=446)	<b>37%</b> ▼(46%)	87%	91%	91%	By-law enforcement (n=475)	<b>17%</b> ▼(25%)	73%	78%	76%
Services to enhance parks (n=466)	24% (36%)	87%	90%	85%	Emergency preparedness (n=471)	23%	71%▼	79%	74%
Water conservation (n=466)	29%	85%	83%	81%	Street infrastructure (n=477)	20%	71%	72%	71%
Recreation (n=463)	<b>24%</b> (37%)	83%▼	91%	86%	Economic development (n=449)	<b>10</b> %	67%	66%	67%
Making streets vibrant (n=459)	26% (35%)	82%▼	88%	81%	Parking (n=459)	16%	65%	59%	58%
Urban design (n=487)		81%	81%	81%	Development & building permits (n=457)	<b>10</b> %▼(14%)	52%	55%	50%
Facilitating film/special events (n=447)	<b>25%</b> (33%)	80%	84%	82%	Social policies & projects (n=465)	<b>7</b> %	44%▼	52%	51%
Arts & culture (n=467)	19% (25%)	80%	83%	83%	Homelessness services (n=475)	6% 34	<b>!%</b> ▼	51%	50%
Availability of online services (n=453)	32%	78%	78%	80%	Enabling affordable housing (n=438)	<mark>7</mark> % 30°	%	30%	28%



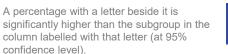
(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

	TOTAL SATISFIED (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)													
		GEN	IDER		AGE			NEIC	SHBOURHO	OD				
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]			
Library services	92%	91%	93%	94%	94% F	88%	91%	94%	92%	89%	94%			
Fire rescue & medical response	89%	91%	88%	92%	88%	88%	86%	89%	91%	90%	90%			
Garbage & green bin collection	88%	87%	88%	89%	85%	88%	83%	85%	90%	89%	90%			
Online payment services	87%	87%	89%	89%	90%	83%	90%	86%	90%	91%	83%			
Parks/green spaces	87%	89%	85%	88%	86%	87%	85%	96% <b>GIK</b>	84%	88%	85%			
Services to enhance parks	87%	85%	90%	87%	88%	87%	90%	87%	88%	90%	84%			
Water conservation	85%	85%	86%	82%	87%	85%	82%	87%	87%	83%	85%			
Recreation	83%	82%	84%	83%	81%	86%	80%	85%	80%	88%	83%			
Making streets vibrant	82%	79%	84%	82%	81%	82%	81%	78%	89%	83%	79%			
Urban design	81%	79%	83%	86% F	81%	76%	80%	74%	79%	91% HI	81%			
Facilitating film/special events	80%	81%	79%	79%	80%	81%	81%	78%	77%	83%	79%			
Arts & culture	80%	80%	82%	82%	78%	80%	73%	80%	82%	83%	81%			
Availability of online services	78%	80%	79%	81%	80%	75%	79%	79%	80%	77%	78%			



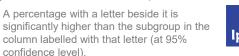
(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood) (cont.)

	TOTAL SATISFIED (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)													
		GENI	DER		AGE			NE	IGHBOURHOO	)				
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]			
Transportation infrastructure	78%	78%	79%	81%	79%	75%	79%	76%	78%	79%	79%			
Police services	78%	83% C	73%	72%	75%	87% DE	79%	77%	69%	80%	83% I			
Keeping our community clean	76%	76%	75%	79%	72%	76%	75%	87% I	70%	75%	75%			
Multi-channel service access	74%	73%	76%	78%	75%	70%	72%	68%	86% GHJ	69%	76%			
By-law enforcement	73%	73%	74%	80% E	68%	72%	71%	73%	72%	75%	73%			
Emergency preparedness	71%	74%	69%	67%	72%	75%	76%	67%	78%	64%	72%			
Street infrastructure	71%	69%	72%	78% F	70%	63%	67%	77%	71%	69%	71%			
Economic development	67%	64%	70%	75% E	60%	68%	63%	69%	63%	65%	72%			
Parking	65%	62%	68%	66%	68%	61%	70%	69%	62%	67%	60%			
Development & building permits	52%	53%	52%	73% EF	41%	42%	54%	49%	48%	55%	54%			
Social policies & projects	44%	49% C	38%	50%	38%	43%	37%	47%	44%	43%	47%			
Homelessness services	34%	36%	33%	36%	31%	37%	33%	36%	33%	30%	37%			
Enabling affordable housing	30%	35% C	25%	22%	30%	36% D	26%	33%	29%	30%	29%			



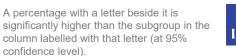
(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

TOTAL SATISFIED (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)											
		HH COM	IPOSITION	OWN/F	RENT		HH INCOME				
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]			
Library services	92%	94%	92%	93%	89%	92%	95%	90%			
Fire rescue & medical response	89%	89%	89%	91%	86%	87%	91%	93%			
Garbage & green bin collection	88%	86%	88%	86%	90%	92%	88%	86%			
Online payment services	87%	93%	86%	91% E	82%	83%	85%	95% FG			
Parks/green spaces	87%	91%	86%	84%	90%	94% GH	81%	85%			
Services to enhance parks	87%	85%	88%	90% E	83%	87%	85%	91%			
Water conservation	85%	85%	85%	84%	86%	81%	89%	86%			
Recreation	83%	81%	84%	87% E	78%	83%	84%	84%			
Making streets vibrant	82%	80%	82%	81%	83%	84%	76%	83%			
Urban design	81%	85%	80%	79%	84%	85%	84%	79%			
Facilitating film/special events	80%	81%	80%	79%	80%	81%	86%	76%			
Arts & culture	80%	81%	80%	82%	77%	76%	85%	83%			
Availability of online services	78%	82%	78%	79%	79%	75%	80%	83%			



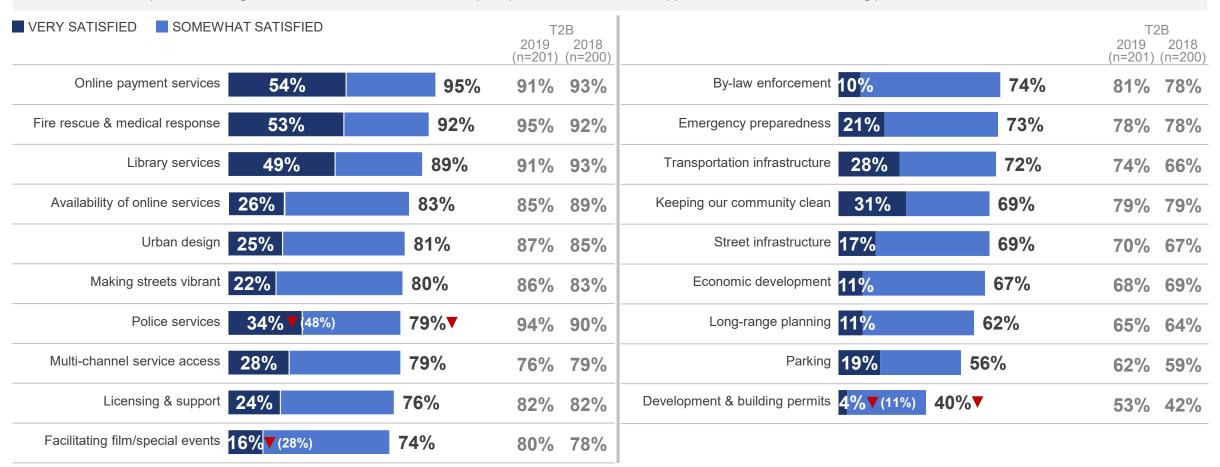
(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income) (cont.)

TOTAL SATISFIED (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)													
		HH COM	IPOSITION	OWN/RENT			HH INCOME						
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]					
Transportation infrastructure	78%	75%	79%	73%	82%	86% H	78%	74%					
Police services	78%	73%	80%	82% E	71%	74%	79%	82%					
Keeping our community clean	76%	73%	77%	72%	79%	85% GH	71%	70%					
Multi-channel service access	74%	80%	73%	79% E	68%	73%	79%	75%					
By-law enforcement	73%	69%	74%	73%	74%	81% H	73%	69%					
Emergency preparedness	71%	74%	71%	74%	69%	76%	68%	68%					
Street infrastructure	71%	69%	71%	69%	71%	71%	69%	72%					
Economic development	67%	62%	69%	65%	68%	74%	70%	62%					
Parking	65%	64%	65%	66%	62%	68%	58%	71% G					
Development & building permits	52%	48%	53%	46%	59% D	66% H	54% H	40%					
Social policies & projects	44%	43%	44%	47%	38%	51% H	47%	35%					
Homelessness services	34%	31%	35%	33%	35%	46% GH	31%	26%					
Enabling affordable housing	30%	26%	31%	32%	23%	35% H	30%	22%					



## Satisfaction with Specific Services (Businesses)

**BUSINESSES** (Service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided. Please see the Appendix for the full service wording.)



Base: All businesses (n=200)

Q10. I'm now going to read a list of services provided to you by the City of Vancouver. Please keep in mind that some of the City's services and programs have been temporarily stopped or reduced based on direction from provincial public health due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Considering that, please tell me how satisfied you are with the job the City is doing overall in providing each service. (Scale: very satisfied, not very satisfied, or not at all satisfied)



**Ipsos** 

#### **Satisfaction with Specific Services**

#### Summary of satisfaction for services asked of both residents and businesses

RESIDENTS / BUSINESSES (Service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided. Please see the Appendix for the full service wording.)

VERY SATISFIED SOMEW	HAT SATISFIED		T2l 2019 (n=varies) ( (n=201)	2018				72 2019 (n=varies) (n=201)	2B 2018 (n=varies) (n=200)
Library services	Residents Businesses  51% (59%) 49%	92% 89%	92% 91%	93% 93%	Keeping our community clean	Residents Businesses 31%	76% 69%	80% 79%	76% 79%
Fire rescue & medical response	Residents Businesses  46% (53%)  53%	89% 92%	90% 95%	92% 92%	Multi-channel service access	Residents Businesses 28%	74% 79%	70% 76%	73% 79%
Online payment services	Residents Businesses 54%	87% <b>4</b> 95%	81% 91%	86% 93%	By-law enforcement	Residents 17% (25% Businesses 10%	73% 74%	78% 81%	76% 78%
Making streets more vibrant	Residents Businesses 26% (35%) 22%	82%▼ 80%	88% ▲ 86%	81% 83%	Emergency preparedness	Residents 23% Businesses 21%	71%▼ 73%	79% 78%	74% 78%
Urban design	Residents 24% Businesses 25%	81% 81%	81% 87%	81% 85%	Street infrastructure	Residents 20% Businesses 17%	71% 69%	72% 70%	71% 67%
Facilitating film/special events	Residents 25% (33%) Businesses 16% (28%)	80% 74%	84% 80%	82% 78%	Economic development	Residents 10% Businesses 11%	67% 67%	66% 68%	67% 69%
Availability of online services	Residents Businesses 26%	78% 83%	78% 85%	80% 89%	Parking	Residents 16% Businesses 19%	65% 56%	59% 62%	58% 59%
Transportation infrastructure	Residents Businesses 28%	78% 72%	76%▲ 74%	67% 66%	Development & building permits	Residents 10% (14% Businesses 4% (11%	52% 40%▼	55% 53%	50% 42%
Police services	Residents 28% (44%) Businesses 34% (48%)	78%▼ 79%▼	89% 94%	88% 90%					



(Service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided. Please see the Appendix for the full service wording.) Note: Items are listed in order of net investment (Net = invest more *minus* invest less).

■ INVEST MORE ■ INVEST THE S	AME INVEST L	ESS D	ON'T KNOW	INVEST 2019	MORE 2018					INVEST 2019	MORE 2018
Homelessness services (n=475)	75%	1	<mark>6%6</mark> %	69%	66%	Library services (n=449)	31%	63%	4%	30%	30%
Enabling affordable housing (n=438)	73%	18	<mark>3% 7</mark> %	73%	73%	Arts & culture (n=467)	36%	50%	10%	35%	39%
Social policies & projects (n=465)	71%	20	<b>5</b> %	69%	71%	Garbage & green bin collection (n=475)	24%▼	73%	2%	32%	30%
Fire rescue & medical response (n=472)	44%	52%	<b>1</b> %	40%	38%	Police services (n=462)	34%	49%	15%	38%	36%
Street infrastructure (n=477)	45%	50%	<b>4</b> %	48%	47%	Development & building permits (n=457)	32%	46%	15%	35%	38%
Keeping our community clean (n=470)	41%	56%	<mark>3</mark> %	42%	45%	Availability of online services (n=453)	18%	69%	5%	19%	22%
Emergency preparedness (n=471)	39%	54%	3%	41%	45%	Multi-channel service access (n=462)	15%	70%	3%	18%	17%
Parks/green spaces (n=446)	39%	57%	3%	34%	35%	Making streets vibrant (n=459)	32%	46%	21%	28%	25%
Recreation (n=463)	39%	54%	4%	39%	36%	By-law enforcement (n=475)	19%	66%	8%	26%	28%
Economic development (n=449)	40%	47%	6%	45%	42%	Online payment services (n=442)	13%	79%	4%	13%	12%
Transportation infrastructure (n=448)	45%	40%	14%	47%	53%	Services to enhance parks (n=466)	21%	64%	13%	22%	24%
Water conservation (n=466)	32%	60%	4%	39%	36%	Facilitating film/special events (n=447)	15%	66%	12%	19%	21%
Urban design (n=487)	36%	55%	9%	36%	33%	Parking (n=459)	21%	52%	24%	28%	31%

Base: Residents asked about a particular service (n varies, with each resident being randomly asked about 20 services) Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?

Only significant differences for invest more are shown.







(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

	INVEST MORE (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)											
		GEN	IDER		AGE		NEIGHBOURHOOD					
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]	
Homelessness services	<b>75%</b>	70%	81% B	80% F	74%	70%	83%	69%	<b>75%</b>	77%	71%	
Enabling affordable housing	73%	66%	79% B	77%	75%	66%	82% H	65%	79%	67%	72%	
Social policies & projects	71%	68%	76%	75%	73%	64%	72%	67%	70%	72%	73%	
Street infrastructure	45%	45%	46%	41%	45%	48%	44%	35%	40%	53% H	48%	
Transportation infrastructure	45%	48%	44%	51% F	50% F	36%	42%	51%	52%	40%	44%	
Fire rescue & medical response	44%	39%	49% B	50%	41%	41%	50%	42%	39%	34%	50% J	
Keeping our community clean	41%	37%	45%	38%	43%	40%	47%	32%	36%	43%	42%	
Economic development	40%	43%	37%	45% F	44% F	32%	55% HI	36%	28%	39%	42%	
Emergency preparedness	39%	38%	40%	44%	40%	35%	40%	39%	32%	38%	44%	
Parks/green spaces	39%	39%	40%	39%	44%	34%	39%	34%	45%	30%	44%	
Recreation	39%	39%	39%	31%	47% D	38%	38%	37%	45%	35%	38%	
Arts & culture	36%	33%	41%	32%	38%	39%	38%	36%	39%	39%	33%	
Urban design	36%	35%	36%	45% F	36% F	26%	41% J	43% J	44% J	19%	33% J	

Base: Residents asked about a particular service (n varies, with each resident being randomly asked about 20 services) Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?



(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood) (cont.)

	INVEST MORE (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)											
		GENI	DER		AGE		NEIGHBOURHOOD					
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]	
Police services	34%	31%	39%	24%	35%	42% D	43%	31%	30%	32%	35%	
Development & building permits	32%	39% C	25%	23%	40% D	32%	32%	30%	26%	39%	32%	
Making streets vibrant	32%	34%	30%	31%	36%	29%	25%	37%	33%	36%	30%	
Water conservation	32%	30%	36%	42% EF	27%	28%	33%	27%	30%	26%	40% J	
Library services	31%	30%	34%	26%	38% D	29%	32%	37%	35%	31%	25%	
Garbage & green bin collection	24%	23%	25%	28% F	26%	17%	32%	20%	20%	18%	27%	
Parking	21%	22%	21%	27% F	19%	16%	25%	12%	17%	22%	25% H	
Services to enhance parks	21%	24%	19%	22%	21%	22%	33% IK	31% IK	14%	23%	14%	
By-law enforcement	19%	19%	20%	13%	25% D	21%	17%	20%	23%	21%	17%	
Availability of online services	18%	23% C	13%	24% E	14%	16%	17%	25%	17%	14%	18%	
Facilitating film/special events	15%	17%	13%	14%	16%	15%	18%	20%	18%	11%	11%	
Multi-channel service access	15%	18%	13%	12%	17%	17%	11%	18%	17%	16%	15%	
Online payment services	13%	14%	12%	17% E	8%	13%	1%	22% GJ	14% G	7%	17% GJ	

Base: Residents asked about a particular service (n varies, with each resident being randomly asked about 20 services) Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?



A percentage with a letter beside it is significantly higher than the subgroup in the

column labelled with that letter (at 95%

confidence level).

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

INVEST MORE (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)												
		НН СОМ	POSITION	OWN/	RENT	HH INCOME						
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]				
Homelessness services	75%	72%	75%	70%	81% D	77%	72%	74%				
Enabling affordable housing	73%	70%	74%	63%	84% D	76%	70%	73%				
Social policies & projects	71%	71%	71%	67%	76%	71%	70%	75%				
Street infrastructure	45%	43%	46%	46%	46%	46%	53% H	38%				
Transportation infrastructure	45%	51%	44%	45%	47%	44%	47%	50%				
Fire rescue & medical response	44%	32%	47% B	41%	47%	47%	49% H	36%				
Keeping our community clean	41%	42%	40%	40%	41%	39%	47%	38%				
Economic development	40%	40%	41%	39%	44%	38%	41%	44%				
Emergency preparedness	39%	37%	40%	37%	41%	43%	39%	36%				
Parks/green spaces	39%	40%	39%	39%	37%	36%	38%	45%				
Recreation	39%	49% C	35%	40%	41%	39%	40%	38%				
Arts & culture	36%	31%	38%	33%	45% D	39%	40%	33%				
Urban design	36%	29%	38%	35%	34%	32%	40%	38%				

Base: Residents asked about a particular service (n varies, with each resident being randomly asked about 20 services) Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?



(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income) (cont.)

INVEST MORE (service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided)												
		HH COM	IPOSITION	OWN/RENT			HH INCOME					
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]				
Police services	34%	31%	35%	33%	35%	34%	38%	30%				
Development & building permits	32%	38%	30%	37% E	27%	21%	34% F	44% F				
Making streets vibrant	32%	31%	32%	31%	33%	31%	33%	34%				
Water conservation	32%	26%	34%	28%	36%	40% H	37% H	22%				
Library services	31%	38%	29%	31%	36%	34%	28%	30%				
Garbage & green bin collection	24%	26%	23%	23%	25%	25%	21%	23%				
Parking	21%	18%	22%	19%	21%	26% H	25% H	14%				
Services to enhance parks	21%	22%	21%	22%	23%	23%	19%	24%				
By-law enforcement	19%	22%	19%	21%	19%	17%	23%	19%				
Availability of online services	18%	14%	19%	17%	20%	21%	16%	19%				
Facilitating film/special events	15%	14%	15%	17%	14%	21%	14%	12%				
Multi-channel service access	15%	16%	15%	16%	15%	21% H	13%	10%				
Online payment services	13%	10%	14%	13%	13%	20% H	14% H	4%				

Base: Residents asked about a particular service (n varies, with each resident being randomly asked about 20 services) Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?



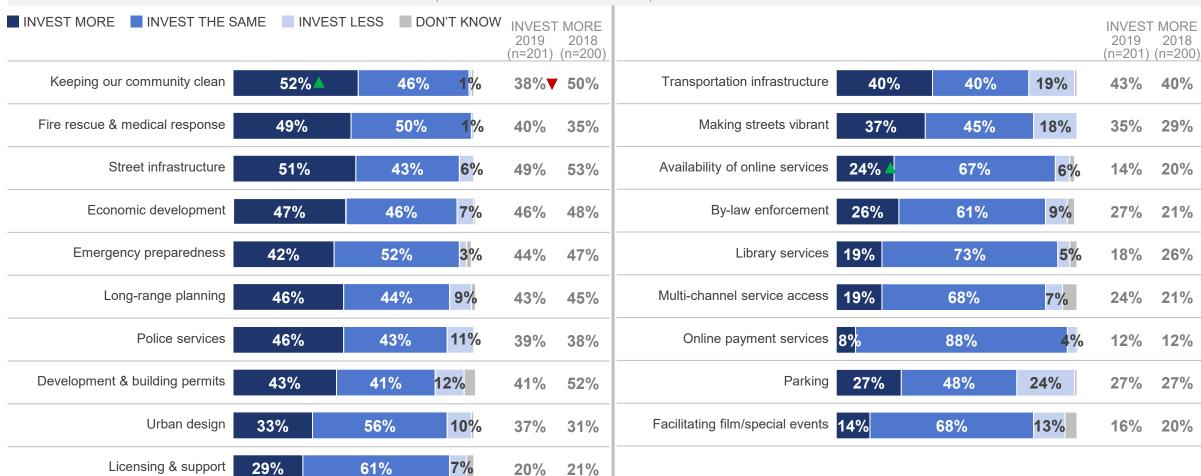
A percentage with a letter beside it is

column labelled with that letter (at 95%

confidence level).

#### **Investment in Specific Services (Businesses)**

(Service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided. Please see the Appendix for the full service wording.) **BUSINESSES** Note: Items are listed in order of net investment (Net = invest more minus invest less).



Base: All businesses (n=200)

Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?

Only significant differences for invest more are shown.







#### **Investment in Specific Services**

#### Summary of investment in services asked of both residents and businesses

#### **RESIDENTS / BUSINESSES**

(Service wording has been abbreviated to fit within the space provided. Please see the Appendix for the full service wording.) Note: Items are listed in order of net investment (Net = invest more *minus* invest less).

INVEST MORE	INVEST THE SAME	INVES'	T DON'T	KNOW	INVEST 2019 (n=varies) (n=201)	MORE 2018 (n=varies) (n=200)					2019	MORE 2018 (n=varies) (n=200)
Fire rescue	e & medical response	Residents Businesses		52% 1% 50% 1%		38% 35%	Development & building permits	Residents Businesses  32% 43%	46% 41%	15% 12%	35% 41%	38% 52%
	Street infrastructure	Residents Businesses		50% 4% 43% 6%		47% 53%	Availability of online services	Residents Businesses  18% 24%	69% 67%	5% 6%	19% 14%	22% 20%
Keeping	our community clean	Residents Businesses		56% 3% 46% 1%		45% 50%	Multi-channel service access	Residents 15% Businesses 19%	70% 68%	3% 7%	18% 24%	17% 21%
Eme	rgency preparedness	Residents Businesses	00 / 0	54% 3% 52% 3%	41% 44%	45% 47%	Making streets vibrant	Residents Businesses 32% 37%	46% 45%	21% 18%	28% 35%	25% 29%
Ec	onomic development	Residents Businesses		47% 6% 46% 7%	45% 46%	42% 48%	By-law enforcement	Residents Businesses 26%	66% 61%	8% 9%	26% 27%	28% 21%
Transpo	ortation infrastructure	Residents Businesses		40% 14% 40% 19%	47% 43%	53% 40%	Online payment service	Residents 13% Businesses 8%	79% 88%	4% 4%	13% 12%	12% 12%
	Urban design	Residents Businesses		55% 9% 56% 10%		33% 31%	Facilitating film/special events	Residents 15% Businesses 14%	66% 68%	12% 13%	19% 16%	21% 20%
	Library services	Residents Businesses		63% 4% 3% 5%		30% 26%	Parking	Residents Businesses 21% 27%	52% 48%	24% 24%	28% 27%	31% 27%
	Police services	Residents Businesses		49% 15% 43% 11%	38% 39%	36% 38%						

Base: Residents asked about a particular service (n=varies); All businesses (n=200) Q11. And, should the City invest more, less, or the same amount on this service?

Only significant differences for invest more are shown.





# FINANCIAL PLANNING





#### **Section Summary**

#### Most continue to say they receive good value for their municipal tax dollars.

- Three-quarters (76%) of residents say they receive 'very' (15%) or 'fairly' (61%) good value for their municipal tax dollars. While overall perceptions (combined 'very/fairly good value' responses) are down slightly from 2019, this drop is not statistically significant. However, the percentage saying 'very good value' is down a significant 6 points.
  - Overall perceptions of value for taxes (combined 'very/fairly good value' responses) is generally consistent across the key demographic segments, with one exception. Specifically, those living in households without children under the age of 18 are more likely to say they receive good value for their municipal tax dollars. It is also of note that homeowners are more likely than renters to rate their value for taxes poorly.
- Similarly, 77% of businesses rate the value for taxes as 'very' (11%) or 'fairly' (66%) good. Businesses' perceived value for taxes has not significantly changed from 2019.
- The normative resident score is 81% total good value, including 20% saying 'very good value' and 61% saying 'fairly good value'.



#### To balance the budget, residents and businesses would like to see the City continue to offer the same services but at a reduced level.

- Respondents were presented with several options for balancing the budget and asked which ones they would most and second most prefer the City use. The percentages reported below are the total preferred (combined most/second most mentions). Comparisons to previous years are unavailable for this question due to changes in the answer list.
- Residents show a strong preference for **continue to offer the same services but not to the same level, for example reduced hours** (54%). All other options are rated lower, with **postpone infrastructure projects (e.g., new amenities or major repairs)** (33%) and **introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees** (31%) rounding out the top three.
  - A preference for **continue to offer the same services but not to the same level** is demonstrated the most strongly by those who are 18-34 years of age, live in the Southeast, and live in households without children under the age of 18. Homeowners are more likely than renters to opt for **introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees**, while renters are more likely than homeowners to say they prefer **increase residential and business property taxes**.
- Businesses also show a strong preference for **continue to offer the same services but not to the same level, for example reduced hours** (51%). **Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees** is in close second (45%), followed by **increase user fees for City services that currently have fees** (30%).

#### An increase in property taxes is by far the least preferred option for balancing the budget.

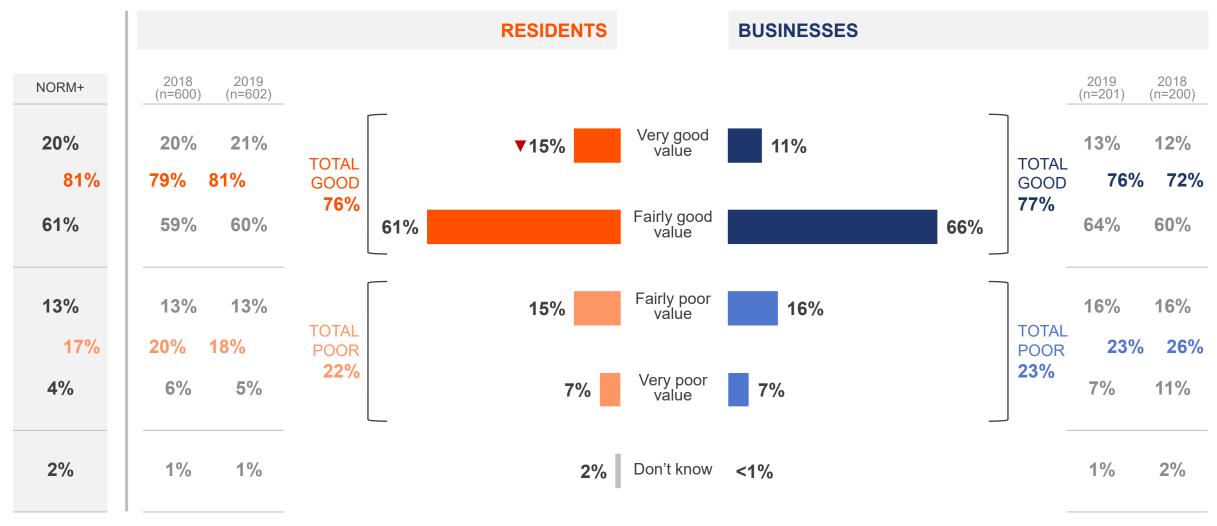
- When asked which option they would *least* prefer the City use to balance the budget, the number one response by far is **increase residential and business property taxes**, chosen by 40% of residents and 53% of businesses.
  - Among residents, the greatest push back against an **increase in residential and business property taxes** comes from those who are 35-54 years of age, live in households with children under the age of 18, homeowners, and have household incomes of \$60K+.

#### There is continued willingness to pay more user fees for services.

- Two-thirds (67%) of residents say they would be willing to pay more in user fees for the services they use in order to maintain or improve them (14% 'very willing', 53% 'somewhat willing'). While overall willingness to pay (combined 'very/somewhat willing' responses) is down slightly from 2019, this drop is not statistically significant. However, there has been a significant drop in the percentage saying 'very willing' (down 4 points).
  - Overall willingness to pay (combined 'very/somewhat willing' responses) is generally consistent across the key demographic segments, with one notable exception. Specifically, residents with household incomes of \$60K+ are more likely to say they would be willing to pay more user fees for services.
- Similarly, 68% of businesses say they would be 'very' (10%) or 'somewhat' (58%) willing to pay more user fees for the services they use. Businesses' willingness to pay is statistically unchanged from 2019.

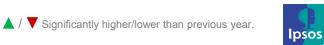


#### **Value for Taxes**



<sup>+</sup> The norm is the average rating from Canadian municipalities surveyed by Ipsos in the past five years. Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)

Q13. Thinking about all the programs and services you receive from the City of Vancouver, would you say that overall you get good value or poor value for your tax dollars? (Is that very or fairly good/poor value?)



#### **Value for Taxes (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	IDER		AGE			NE	GHBOURHO	OD	
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Very good value	15%	17%	13%	14%	10%	20% <b>E</b>	9%	18%	18%	17%	14%
Fairly good value	61%	61%	63%	64%	63%	57%	64%	57%	60%	61%	63%
Fairly poor value	15%	15%	14%	11%	19% D	16%	15%	20%	12%	17%	13%
Very poor value	7%	5%	6%	7%	7%	6%	8%	3%	9%	4%	8%
Don't know	2%	1%	3%	4%	1%	1%	3%	3%	2%	0%	2%
TOTAL GOOD VALUE	76%	78%	77%	79%	73%	77%	74%	74%	78%	78%	77%
TOTAL POOR VALUE	22%	21%	20%	18%	25%	22%	23%	22%	20%	22%	21%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13. Thinking about all the programs and services you receive from the City of Vancouver, would you say that overall you get good value or poor value for your tax dollars? (Is that very or fairly good/poor value?)



#### **Value for Taxes (Residents)**

#### (by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

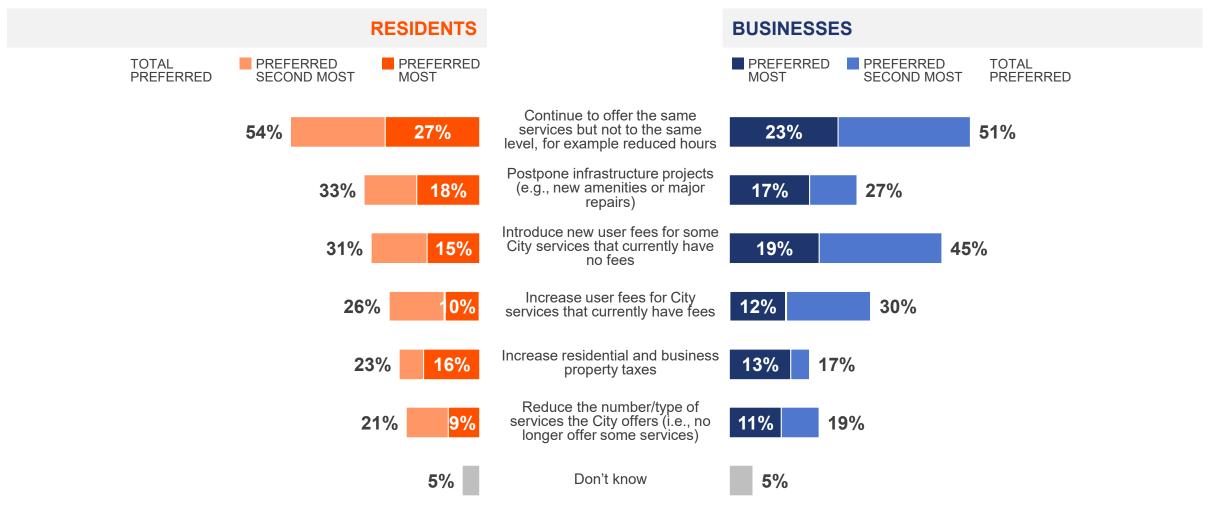
		HH COM	POSITION	OWN/F	RENT		HH INCOME	
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]
Very good value	15%	8%	17% B	12%	19% D	19% H	17% H	9%
Fairly good value	61%	61%	61%	61%	61%	61%	59%	65%
Fairly poor value	15%	22% C	13%	19% <b>E</b>	9%	12%	15%	17%
Very poor value	7%	8%	6%	7%	8%	5%	7%	8%
Don't know	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%	4%	1%	1%
TOTAL GOOD VALUE	76%	69%	78% B	73%	80%	79%	76%	74%
TOTAL POOR VALUE	22%	29% C	20%	25% E	17%	17%	23%	25%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13. Thinking about all the programs and services you receive from the City of Vancouver, would you say that overall you get good value or poor value for your tax dollars? (Is that very or fairly good/poor value?)



#### **Preferred Options to Balance Budget**



Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)

Q13a. Now, to balance the 2022 budget as required by law, the City of Vancouver has a number of options to consider. Which of the following options would you most prefer the City use to balance its budget? (IF NECESSARY: User fees are monies paid to the City by the public to access specific services, facilities, and utilities. These include things like: the cost of licences, permits, use of City-owned facilities, and utilities.)

Q13b. Which one would you second most prefer?



#### **Preferred Options to Balance Budget (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

				TOTAL PF	REFERRED						
		GEN	DER		AGE			NEIGHBOURHOOD			
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Continue to offer the same services but not to the same level, for example reduced hours	54%	53%	53%	61% E	48%	52%	56%	52%	44%	54%	59% I
Postpone infrastructure projects (e.g., new amenities or major repairs)	33%	29%	36%	41% EF	29%	28%	37%	26%	30%	32%	36%
Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees	31%	30%	31%	24%	31%	36% D	31%	30%	26%	33%	32%
Increase user fees for City services that currently have fees	26%	32% C	21%	20%	30% D	27%	24%	34% K	33%	20%	22%
Increase residential and business property taxes	23%	22%	24%	28%	22%	19%	20%	31% K	24%	24%	19%
Reduce the number/type of services the City offers (i.e., no longer offer some services)	21%	26% C	16%	19%	25%	18%	18%	19%	28%	22%	18%
Don't know	5%	3%	7% B	2%	6% D	7% D	6%	3%	5%	4%	5%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13a. Now, to balance the 2022 budget as required by law, the City of Vancouver has a number of options to consider. Which of the following options would you most prefer the City use to balance its budget? (IF NECESSARY: User fees are monies paid to the City by the public to access specific services, facilities, and utilities. These include things like: the cost of licences, permits, use of City-owned facilities, and utilities.) Q13b. Which one would you second most prefer?



### **Preferred Options to Balance Budget (Residents)**

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

		1	TOTAL PREFER	RED				
		HH COM	IPOSITION	OWN/RENT				
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]
Continue to offer the same services but not to the same level, for example reduced hours	54%	43%	57% B	55%	50%	54%	55%	51%
Postpone infrastructure projects (e.g., new amenities or major repairs)	33%	33%	33%	33%	31%	35%	36%	28%
Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees	31%	32%	30%	35% E	24%	26%	31%	35%
Increase user fees for City services that currently have fees	26%	27%	25%	27%	27%	16%	29% F	32% F
Increase residential and business property taxes	23%	26%	22%	17%	31% D	23%	20%	28%
Reduce the number/type of services the City offers (i.e., no longer offer some services)	21%	26%	19%	20%	22%	24%	20%	19%
Don't know	5%	5%	5%	4%	5%	9% GH	3%	2%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13a. Now, to balance the 2022 budget as required by law, the City of Vancouver has a number of options to consider. Which of the following options would you most prefer the City use to balance its budget? (IF NECESSARY: User fees are monies paid to the City by the public to access specific services, facilities, and utilities. These include things like: the cost of licences, permits, use of City-owned facilities, and utilities.)

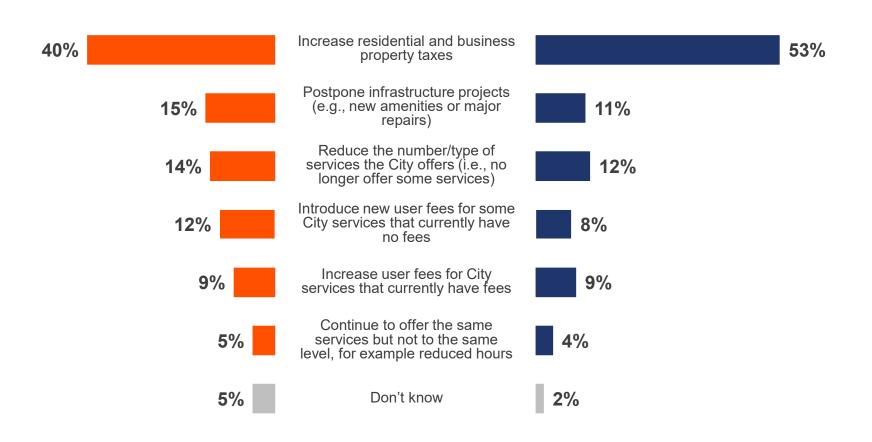
Q13b. Which one would you second most prefer?



#### **Least Preferred Options to Balance Budget**



#### **BUSINESSES**



Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200) Q13c. And which one would you least prefer?



#### **Least Preferred Options to Balance Budget (Residents)**

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	IDER		AGE			NEI	SHBOURHOO	)	
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Increase residential and business property taxes	40%	40%	40%	34%	49% <b>DF</b>	38%	46%	40%	34%	36%	43%
Postpone infrastructure projects (e.g., new amenities or major repairs)	15%	17%	13%	16%	12%	16%	14%	17%	17%	14%	15%
Reduce the number/type of services the City offers (i.e., no longer offer some services)	14%	15%	14%	17%	14%	13%	15%	15%	10%	14%	17%
Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees	12%	12%	12%	18% <b>F</b>	10%	8%	11%	11%	22% <b>GK</b>	11%	7%
Increase user fees for City services that currently have fees	9%	8%	9%	10%	6%	11% E	10%	5%	7%	16% HK	8%
Continue to offer the same services but not to the same level, for example reduced hours	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%	4%	2%	10% <b>GK</b>	7%	4%	3%
Don't know	5%	4%	5%	1%	4%	9% DE	2%	2%	4%	4%	8%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13c. And which one would you least prefer?



#### **Least Preferred Options to Balance Budget (Residents)**

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

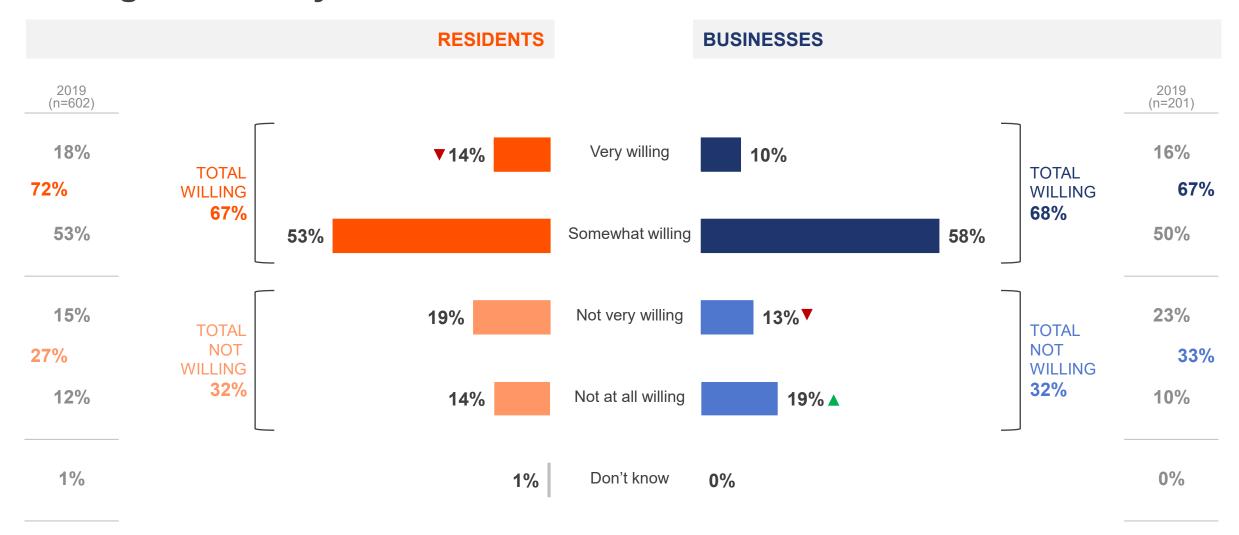
		HH COM	POSITION	OWN/F	RENT		HH INCOME	
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]
Increase residential and business property taxes	40%	49% C	38%	51% E	27%	25%	46% <b>F</b>	49% <b>F</b>
Postpone infrastructure projects (e.g., new amenities or major repairs)	15%	12%	16%	12%	17%	13%	15%	18%
Reduce the number/type of services the City offers (i.e., no longer offer some services)	14%	10%	16%	13%	17%	16%	18% H	10%
Introduce new user fees for some City services that currently have no fees	12%	7%	13%	8%	17% D	15%	12%	11%
Increase user fees for City services that currently have fees	9%	14% C	8%	8%	10%	14% <b>G</b>	5%	7%
Continue to offer the same services but not to the same level, for example reduced hours	5%	4%	5%	3%	7% D	9% <b>G</b>	1%	4%
Don't know	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%	8% H	4%	1%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13c. And which one would you least prefer?



#### Willingness to Pay More User Fees for Services



Base: All residents (n=600); All businesses (n=200)

Q13d. In the past, the public has indicated a preference for increasing user fees versus property as a mechanism to balance the budget. Now think about the City services that [RESIDENTS: you use] [BUSINESSES: your business uses]. How willing would you be to pay more in user fees for the services [RESIDENTS: you use] [BUSINESSES: your business uses] in order to maintain or improve them?



#### Willingness to Pay More User Fees for Services (Residents)

(by Gender, Age, and Neighbourhood)

		GEN	IDER		AGE			NE	EIGHBOURHO	OD	
	TOTAL	MALE [B]	FEMALE [C]	18-34 [D]	35-54 [E]	55+ [F]	DT [G]	NW [H]	NE [I]	SW [J]	SE [K]
Very willing	14%	14%	14%	8%	19% D	13%	17%	15%	14%	10%	13%
Somewhat willing	53%	54%	54%	59%	50%	50%	44%	55%	52%	58%	55%
Not very willing	19%	18%	18%	19%	19%	18%	22%	19%	17%	17%	18%
Not at all willing	14%	13%	13%	13%	12%	16%	16%	10%	16%	14%	13%
Don't know	1%	<1%	2%	1%	0%	2% E	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%
TOTAL WILLING	67%	68%	68%	67%	69%	64%	61%	70%	65%	68%	68%
TOTAL NOT WILLING	32%	32%	31%	32%	31%	34%	39%	29%	33%	31%	31%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13d. In the past, the public has indicated a preference for increasing user fees versus property as a mechanism to balance the budget. Now think about the City services that you use. How willing would you be to pay more in user fees for the services you use in order to maintain or improve them?



### Willingness to Pay More User Fees for Services (Residents)

(by Household Composition, Own/Rent, and Household Income)

		HH COM	HH COMPOSITION		RENT			
	TOTAL	CHILDREN [B]	NO CHILDREN [C]	OWN [D]	RENT [E]	<\$60K [F]	\$60K-<\$100K [G]	\$100K+ [H]
Very willing	14%	18%	12%	16% <b>E</b>	9%	12%	11%	19%
Somewhat willing	53%	49%	54%	48%	59% D	48%	63% F	52%
Not very willing	19%	18%	19%	18%	20%	22%	16%	16%
Not at all willing	14%	15%	13%	16%	11%	16%	9%	13%
Don't know	1%	0%	1%	2%	<1%	2%	<1%	0%
TOTAL WILLING	67%	67%	66%	64%	68%	60%	75% <b>F</b>	71% <b>F</b>
TOTAL NOT WILLING	32%	33%	32%	34%	32%	38% <b>G</b>	25%	29%

Base: All residents (n=600)

Q13d. In the past, the public has indicated a preference for increasing user fees versus property as a mechanism to balance the budget. Now think about the City services that you use. How willing would you be to pay more in user fees for the services you use in order to maintain or improve them?



A percentage with a letter beside it is significantly higher than the subgroup in the

column labelled with that letter (at 95%

confidence level).

# WEIGHTED SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS





### **Weighted Sample Characteristics**

(weighted by gender/age and neighbourhood)

#### **RESIDENTS**

	2021 (n=600)	2019 (n=602)	2018 (n=600)
Neighbourhood			
Downtown/West End	17%	17%	17%
Northwest	16%	16%	16%
Northeast	17%	17%	17%
Southwest	19%	19%	19%
Southeast	31%	31%	31%
Gender			
Male	47%	46%	48%
Female	51%	51%	50%
Other	<1%	1%	1%
Refused	2%	1%	1%
Age			
18 to 34 years	33%	33%	33%
35 to 54 years	34%	34%	34%
55+ years	32%	32%	32%
Children <18 in HH			
Yes	22%	25%	22%
No	77%	75%	78%

	2021 (n=600)	2019 (n=602)	2018 (n=600)
Own/Rent			
Own	53%	53%	54%
Rent	39%	42%	41%
Other	7%	5%	6%
Income			
<\$60K	32%	37%	35%
\$60K to <\$100K	28%	26%	21%
\$100K+	32%	27%▼	33%
Refused	9%	10%	11%
Ethnicity			
European (net)	42%	42%	46%
Asian (net)	38%▲	31%	31%
North American (net)	19%	23%	22%
Latin/South American (net)	4%	6%▲	2%
African (net)	1%	1%	1%
Other regions (net)	2%	3%	5%
Refused	3%	5%	3%

# Weighted Sample Characteristics (weighted by business size)

#### **BUSINESSES**

	2021 (n=200)	2019 (n=201)	2018 (n=200)
Neighbourhood			
Downtown/West End	37%	34%	46%
Northwest	13%▼	23%▲	13%
Northeast	14%	14%	18%
Southwest	16%	19%▲	9%
Southeast	14%▲	6%	12%
Business Size			
<25 employees	88%	88%	88%
25 to 99 employees	10%	9%	9%
100+ employees	2%	2%	2%
Own/Rent			
Own	24%	23%	25%
Rent	74%	76%	74%



# APPENDIX

**Full Service Wording** 





## **Full Service Wording**

CHART WORDING	FULL SERVICE WORDING
Parks/green spaces	Provision and maintenance of a diversity of parks and green spaces
Recreation	Provision and support of recreation facilities and programs
Services to enhance parks	Provision of services to enhance parks and recreational experiences, such as golf courses, marinas and concessions
Arts & culture	Support for arts and cultural services, programs, and organizations
Social policies & projects	Social policies and projects that address issues such as poverty, mental health and addictions, immigration, and childcare
Homelessness services	Homelessness services, such as shelters, warming centres, and housing support
Licensing & support	Business licensing and support
Development & building permits	Development and building permits
By-law enforcement	By-law enforcement for buildings, property use and animal services
Transportation infrastructure	Providing transportation infrastructure for walking, bikes, transit and vehicles
Parking	Parking and enforcement
Street infrastructure	Street infrastructure and maintenance
Making streets vibrant	Making streets vibrant through landscaping, art, furniture, patios and innovative temporary installations
Facilitating film/special events	Facilitating the production and permits for film and special events on city streets and spaces
Keeping our community clean	Keeping our community clean - i.e. litter pick up, roads and sidewalks sweeping, receptacles etc.
Water conservation	Water conservation and resource management
Garbage & green bin collection	Providing garbage and green bin collection
Online payment services	Online services for paying taxes, tickets, utility bills, etc.



## **Full Service Wording**

CHART WORDING	FULL SERVICE WORDING
Availability of online services	Availability of online services via Vancouver.ca
Multi-channel service access	Providing multi-channel access to City services through the VanConnect mobile app and the 3-1-1 contact centre
Enabling affordable housing	Enabling affordable housing
Economic development	Promoting economic development
Urban design	Urban design that enhances public life and public spaces
Long-range planning	City-wide and community long-range planning
Fire rescue & medical response	Fire rescue and medical response
Emergency preparedness	Providing emergency preparedness information and support
Police services	Police services
Library services	Library services



#### About Ipsos

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